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OPTIMUS EPS
BY SEASTAR

BAYSTAR[™]

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OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

AND USER'S MANUAL

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OPTIMUS360

BY **SEASTAR**[™]

Joystick Control System for
Outboard Powered Vessels



SEASTAR
SOLUTIONS[®]

*Before you do it your way,
please try it our way*

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Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm.


Wash hands after handling.

Thank you for choosing an Optimus™ 360 Joystick Control System by SeaStar Solutions. You have chosen a state of the art vessel control system that will provide years of effortless and trouble free steering performance.

About this Book

This User's manual contains the information you need to safely operate and maintain your vessel control system. It must remain on the boat.

Notice to the Operator

Throughout this publication, Dangers, Warnings and Cautions (accompanied by the International Hazard Symbol ) are used to alert the user to special instructions concerning a particular service or operation that may be hazardous if ignored or performed incorrectly or carelessly. **Observe them carefully!**

These safety alerts alone cannot eliminate the hazards that they signal. Strict compliance with these special instructions during installation, operation, and maintenance, plus common sense operation, are important measures to prevent accidents.

Failure to adhere to these notices may result in the loss of steering and shift/throttle control, leading to possible ejection from the vessel, causing property damage, injury and/or death.

DANGER

IMMEDIATE HAZARDS WHICH, IF NOT ACTED UPON, WILL RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING

HAZARDS OR UNSAFE PRACTICES WHICH, IF NOT ACTED UPON, COULD RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

CAUTION

Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor injury or product or property damage.

NOTICE

Information which is important to proper use or maintenance, but is not hazard-related.

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ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used in this manual:

ABYC	American Boat & Yacht Council
AP	Autopilot
AUX	Auxiliary
BAT	Battery
CAN	Controller Area Network
CAN Bus	Controller Area Network (data) Bus. (A cable of wires that carry digital signals and power between electronic modules)
ENG	Engine
EPS	Electronic Power Steering
EST	Electronic Shift and Throttle
FWD	Forward
GND	Ground
HI	High
LED	Light Emitting Diode
Lo	Low
MPH	Miles Per Hour
N	Neutral
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NMEA 2000®	A protocol for digital communication on a CAN Bus
NTW	Neutral Throttle Warmup
N/C	No Connection
PCM	Pump Control Module
PTS	Power Train Sync
R	Reverse
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute
STBD	Starboard (right when facing forward)
SW	Switch
TM	Trolling Mode
WOT	Wide Open Throttle

Note: Some abbreviations not listed here may be found in their respective sections.

DEFINITIONS

Conventional Steering Control	This is the standard type of steering that has been used on boats for many years. The steering wheel is the only means of control.
Conventional Shift and Throttle	The type of shift and throttle control where standard control head levers allows the engine gear selection and throttle control.
Electronic Shift and Throttle	<p>There are two types of electronic shift and throttle (EST) system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1) On engines that use mechanical levers to control shift and throttle, instructions from an electronic control head are transmitted to electric actuators, which move mechanical control cables accordingly. This type of EST system may also be called an MST or remote EST system to differentiate it.2) Many modern engines have built-in actuators to control shift and throttle. Instructions from an electronic control head are transmitted directly to the engine control computer. This type of EST system may sometimes be called an OEM EST or integrated EST system to differentiate it. <p>This manual describes the operation of the first type of EST system. When calling for technical support, please make it clear which type of system you are using.</p>
Joystick Control	A single handle joystick control device that integrates the steering, the gear shift, and the throttle control for multiple engines into one easy-to-use device to provide docking control of the vessel.

1.0 SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING

THE SAFETY INFORMATION PROVIDED BELOW IS INTENDED TO INFORM YOU OF THE DANGERS THAT MAY BE PRESENT BEFORE, DURING AND AFTER USE. IT IS CRITICAL THAT YOU READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL THE POINTS NOTED.

WARNING

THE OPTIMUS 360 SYSTEM MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED BY AN AUTHORIZED DEALER OR OEM.

Safe operation of the steering system depends upon proper installation and maintenance of the system, and the common sense, safe judgment, knowledge, and expertise of the operator. Every installer and operator of the steering system should know the following requirements before installing or operating the steering system.

If you have any questions regarding any of these warnings, contact SeaStar Solutions.

To reduce the risk of severe injury or death:

- 1.** Always wear a Coast Guard Approved personal flotation device (PFD) and use an engine shut-off cord (lanyard).
- 2.** Read and understand this User's manual and the Quick Reference Card provided with your vessel control components.
- 3.** SeaStar and Optimus components are highly engineered and safety tested to ensure system integrity. **DO NOT** substitute any component. Substitution with non-SeaStar or non-Optimus components may compromise system safety, performance, and reliability.

Prior to every use

Perform a system inspection as outlined below. Refer to Section 8.3 for further details.

- 1.** Check steering fluid level in all steering pumps.
- 2.** Verify immediate steering response when turning steering wheel(s).
- 3.** Inspect all steering hoses, fittings and mechanical and electrical cables for wear, kinks, or leaks.
- 4.** Check for binding, loose, worn or leaking steering or shift/throttle control components.
- 5.** Verify proper shift and throttle response for all control levers.
- 6.** Verify that no alarms or warnings are shown on the CANtrak display.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE BOAT IF ANY COMPONENT IS NOT IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION.

1.0 Safety information (continued)

During use

1. WEAR A COAST GUARD-APPROVED PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE (PFD).
2. Attach engine shut-off cord (lanyard) to your pfd.
3. Never allow anyone not familiar with the operation of the vessel control system to operate the boat at ANY time.
4. Know and adhere to all applicable federal, state, and municipal laws and regulations that govern boating in your area.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE BOAT IF ANY COMPONENT IS NOT IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION.

After use

Rinse off the SmartCylinders thoroughly, using only fresh, clean water. DO NOT rinse the PCM, pumps, actuators, or any other component of the Optimus system.

DO NOT use acetone, or cleaners containing ammonia, acids, or any other corrosive ingredients, on any Optimus component. Use only a damp cloth, or a mild detergent if necessary.

Maintenance

Maintain your Optimus 360 System as directed in Section 11 of this manual.

Keep our waters clean for all current and future users. Dispose of all fluids in accordance with your local regulations.

1.1 Safety Labels

WARNING

NOTE: THE LABELS BELOW SHOULD CALL ATTENTION TO THE POSSIBLE HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH THE EQUIPMENT SHOWN LATER IN THIS MANUAL (SEE SECTION 3.1)

Control Head Label



Figure 1-1. Optimus 360 Start-In-Gear advisory decal.

Hydraulic Pump Labels

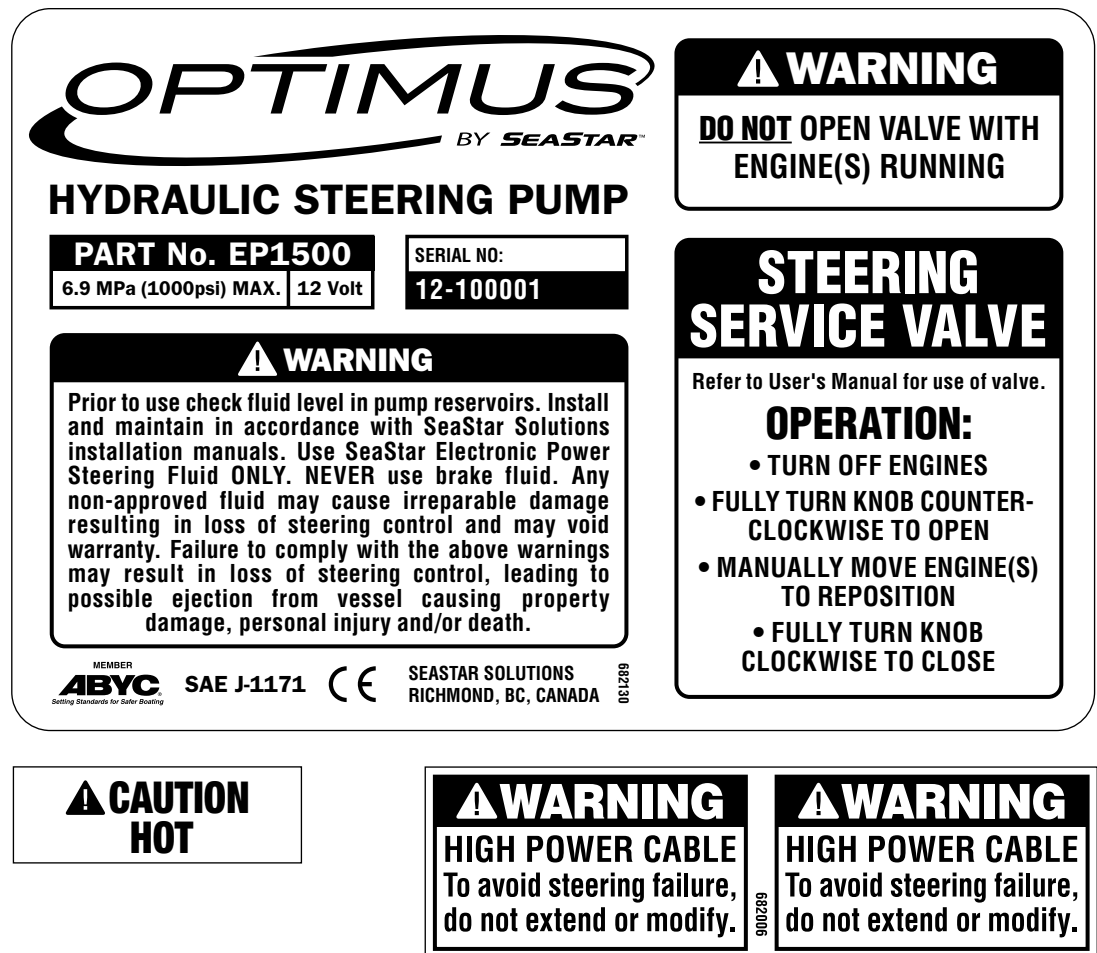


Figure 1-2. Hydraulic pump labels.

Safety Labels (continued)

Pump Control Module (PCM) Labels

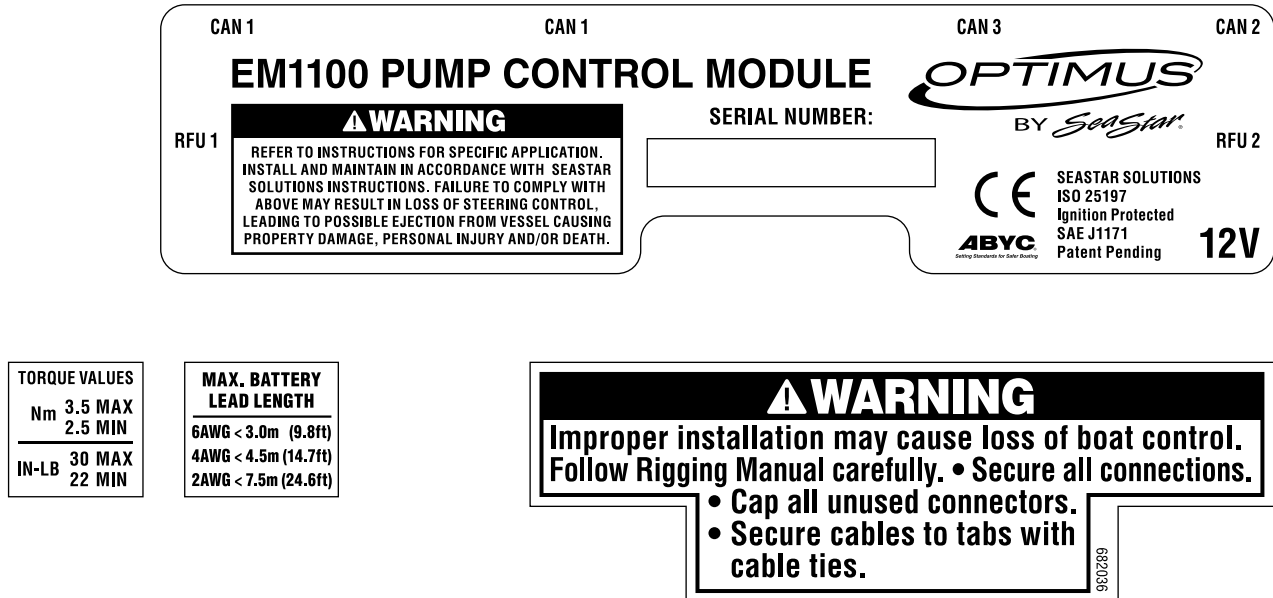


Figure 1-3. PCM labels.

SmartCylinder Labels

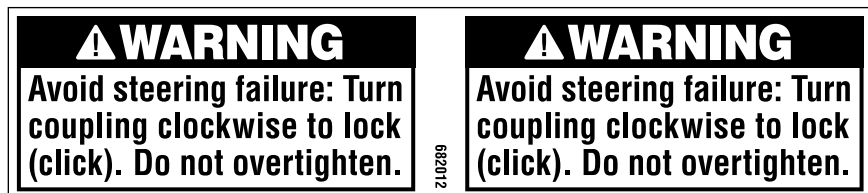
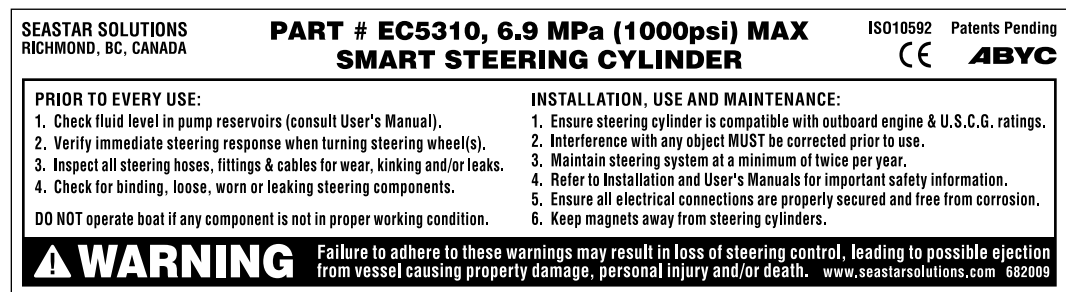


Figure 1-4. SmartCylinder labels.

Safety Labels (continued)

Steering Service Valve Labels

To be installed close to the service valve.



Figure 1-5. Steering service valve labels.

Actuators

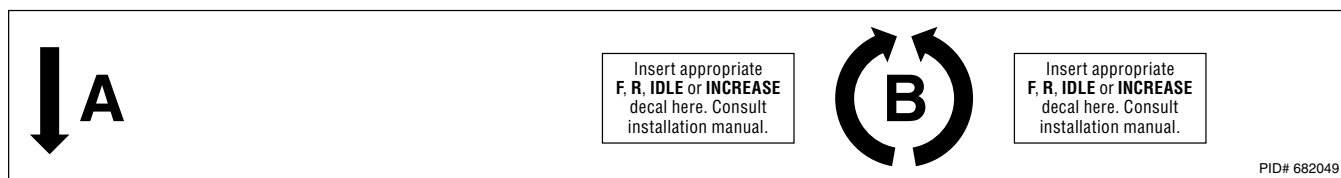


Figure 1-6. Actuator A and B Locator Decal, PID# 682049.

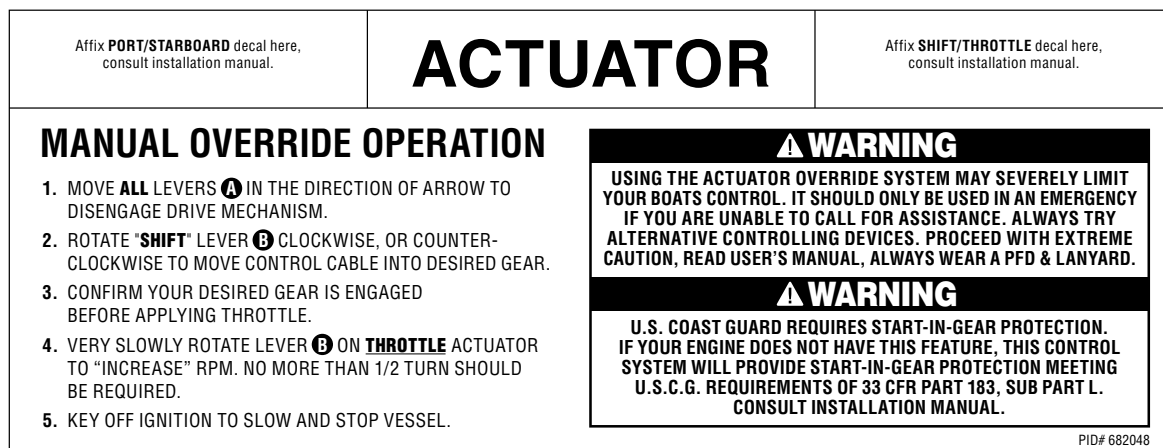


Figure 1-7. Optimus 360 Actuator decal, PID# 682048.

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2.0 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Welcome

Welcome to the world of electronic joystick control. Please take a few minutes to familiarize yourself with the System Overview and the First Time Operation sections. An understanding of the system will assure your safety and help you get the most enjoyment from your Optimus 360 joystick control system.

2.2 Optimus 360 System Overview

An Optimus 360 system consists of:

- a) An Electronic Power Steering (EPS) system to provide effortless conventional steering.
- b) An Electronic Shift and Throttle (EST) control system to provide ease of shift and throttle operation and various convenience features.
- c) An Electronic Joystick control system that can combine the EPS and the EST systems to provide complete boat control using a single intuitive interface.
- d) An LCD display to provide system status, faults, and instructions.

The EPS system consists of an electronic helm located behind the steering wheel which is electrically connected to a Pump Control Module (PCM). The PCM converts the steering wheel action to electrical signals that operate hydraulic pumps. These pumps move the smart steering cylinders (SmartCylinders) at each engine.

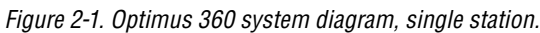
The SmartCylinders are equipped with position sensors that feed engine position back to the PCM. Service valves are built into the steering pumps and allow for manual positioning of the engines should a fault occur, or for use by the technician during servicing.

The EST system has a control head at each helm station to control the gear selection and operate the throttle. The control head sends electronic signals to actuators that move the shift and throttle control cables connected to the engine's control levers.

The Joystick Control system consists of a Joystick which interfaces with the shift, throttle, and steering equipment to control the overall motion of the boat with one easy-to-use device.

A CANtrak display shows system operation and fault warnings. The CANtrak display also permits system sensitivity and configuration adjustments.

The Optimus 360 system is designed and tested to exceed ABYC safety standards, and includes many advancements to make the system as failsafe as possible. These include redundant sensors, fault-tolerant communications, self-monitoring, and fault communications to notify and advise the operator in case of fault.



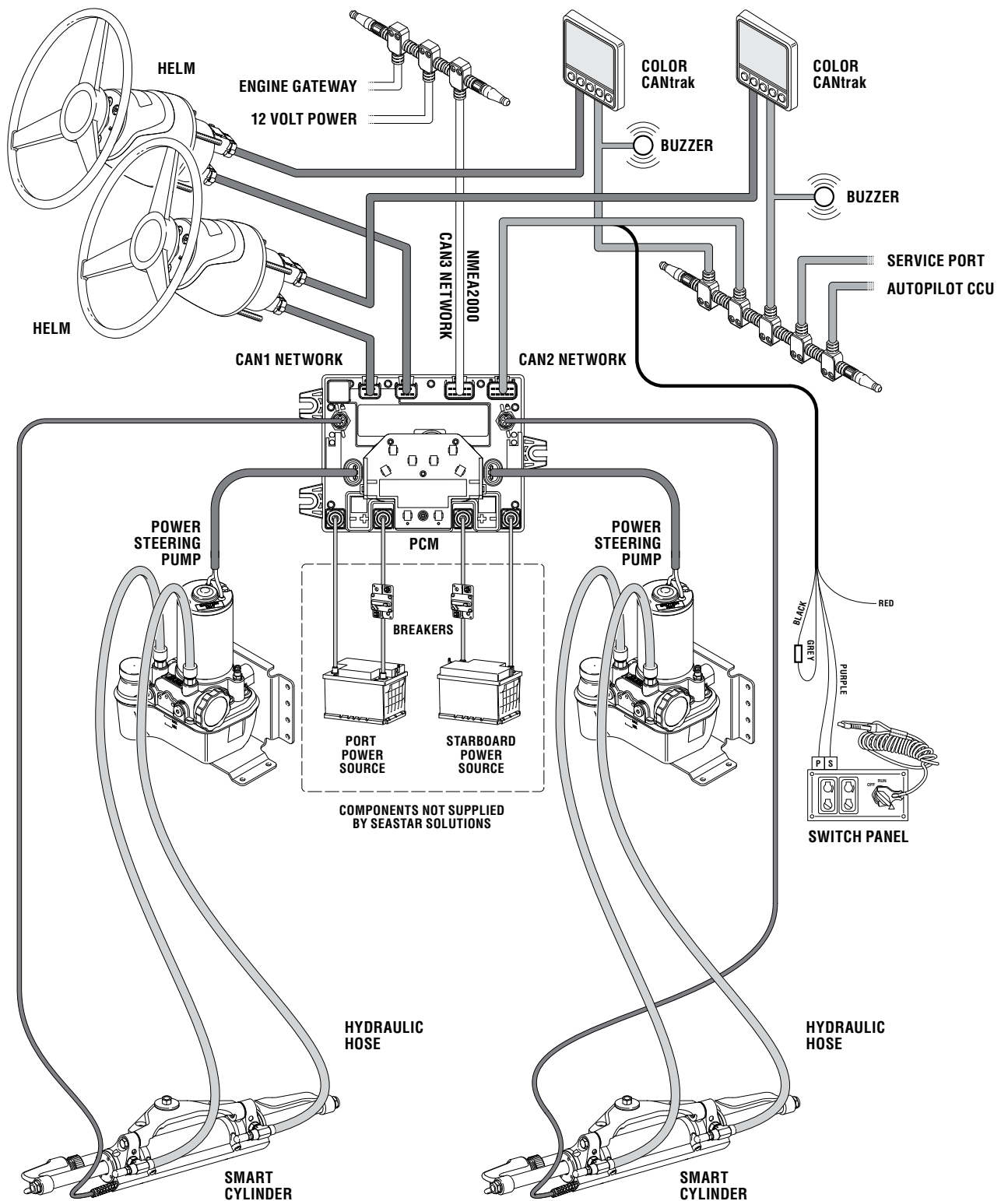


Figure 2-2. Optimus 360 system diagram, dual station.

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3.0 COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

3.1 Electronic Helm(s) (EPS System)

The electronic helm is the primary user interface for conventional steering control. When in conventional steering control, all helms on the boat are active and can steer the boat.

The steering wheel is attached to the helm, which may be located immediately under the wheel or just behind the dash panel. The images below show typical helms.

Refer to Section 4.0 for steering operation.

CAUTION

Keep magnets away from the helm. They may interfere with proper helm operation.



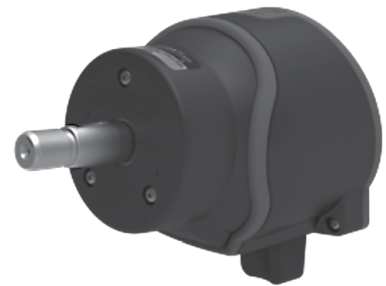
EPS Front Mount Helm



EPS Rear Mount Helm



EPS Classic Tilt Helm



EPS Sport Plus Tilt Helm

Figure 3-1. EPS Helm configurations.

3.2 Control Head (EST System)

The control head is the primary user interface for conventional shift and throttle control.

The control head operates the gear shift and the throttle for each engine. This is accomplished using electronic signals to direct individual actuators for each function and each engine. The control head also allows various features like sync and trolling to be selected.

On single helm station boats the shift and throttle control head takes command when the ignition is turned on and the levers are in the neutral position. The blue Take Command light will come on solid when active.

For more detailed control head operation, refer to Section 4.0.



Figure 3-2. i6800 Control Head.

3.3 Joystick

The joystick is the primary user interface for joystick control.

The joystick interfaces with the steering system and with the shift and throttle system. It integrates the two systems together to provide complete, intuitive boat control from a single device. The joystick can only take control of the vessel when the shift and throttle control head is at neutral idle.

See Section 6.0 for detailed Joystick operation.



Figure 3-3. Joystick.

3.4 CANtrak Display

There is a display at the main helm station that shows the system status and allows system adjustments. A CANtrak display may also be installed at additional helm stations.

See Section 7.0 for details.



Part No. ED1700

Figure 3-4. CANtrak display.

3.5 Circuit Breakers for Optimus 360 System and Shift and Throttle Control System

These are supplied by the installer and may be mounted in a variety of locations. Check near the batteries, in the circuit breaker box, or near the pump control modules or hydraulic pumps. There should be two 60 amp breakers for each PCM and a 25 amp breaker for each pair of shift and throttle actuators.

3.6 Pump Control Module (PCM)

The PCM is located in a dry area and can usually be found inside the center console, in the area behind the dash, or in a compartment near the engines or batteries. The PCM is always located close to the steering pumps. There will be one PCM on most boats (except for some triple and quad engine configurations that use two PCMs).

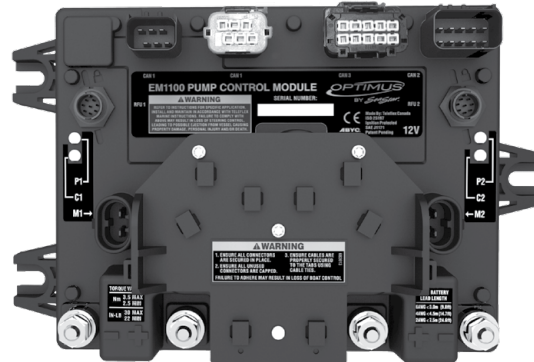


Figure 3-5. PCM.

3.7 Hydraulic Steering Pumps

The hydraulic steering pumps supply pressurized fluid to the SmartCylinders to steer the engine, and are located near the PCM. They can usually be found in a compartment near the engines, the center console, or behind the dash. There is one pump for each steering cylinder. The steering fluid reservoir is mounted directly to the pump; it is here that you will check the fluid level and add steering fluid as necessary.

Note: these pumps look similar to the trim pumps that tilt the engines. They can be distinguished by the integrated steering service valve.

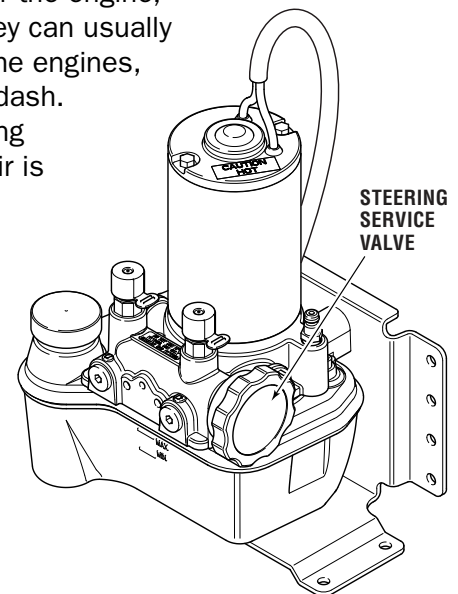


Figure 3-6. Hydraulic steering pump.

3.8 SmartCylinders

On outboard boats these are always located just below the engine cowling and are attached to the engine tiller arm. There will be one SmartCylinder for each engine on twin-engine boats. Most triple- and quad-engine boats use tie-bars to steer a pair of engines with a single SmartCylinder.



Figure 3-7. SmartCylinder with sensor.

3.9 Steering Service Valves

⚠ WARNING

WEAR A COAST GUARD-APPROVED PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICE (PFD) WHEN MANUALLY REALIGNING ENGINES.

The steering service valves permit the bypass of the EPS system and allow the engines to be manually positioned. They should only be used in the event of an EPS system failure, in which case instructions will be given on the CANtrak.

The service valves are integrated into the power steering pumps. To open the valve, turn the knob fully counter-clockwise until it stops (about three turns). Turn the knob fully clockwise to close it. Turn just until you feel the valve contact the stop – do not use tools or over-tighten.

Some vessels may be fitted with remote service valves as shown in figure 3-8.



Figure 3-8 Remote steering service valve.

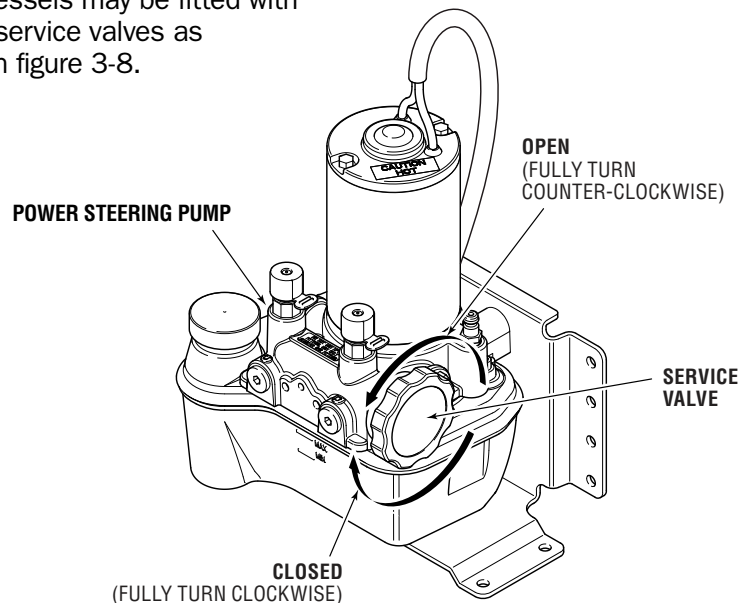


Figure 3-9. Service valve location.

3.10 Shift and Throttle Actuators

There is a shift actuator and a throttle actuator for each engine. The actuators receive electronic signals from the shift and throttle control head and position the engine control levers. There is a manual override feature on the actuators so the engine can be operated manually in case of a fault.



Figure 3-10. Shift and throttle actuator.

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4.0 STEERING SYSTEM OPERATION

The steering portion of the Optimus 360 system provides fingertip steering control of multiple high-powered engines. The system provides both power and the adjustment of a number of parameters so the operator has perfect boat response under all conditions.

The system will power on with the ignition switch and operate much like a conventional steering system except the feel will be extraordinary and the effort just perfect for the conditions providing just the right amount of response and pressure.

The CANtrak display will provide the status of the steering system and supply information in the event of a fault.

On multiple helm station boats, all helms are active when the steering is on, just like with conventional steering.

The dealer that installs the system will make the necessary adjustments at the time of installation to achieve exceptional steering performance. The operator may further refine the feel using the CANtrak display. See Section 7.4.2.

The quick reference steering guide provided with the system gives summary and reminder information about the steering system and should be kept at the primary helm station at all times.

The system may be connected into an autopilot to further enhance the boating experience. See Section 9.3.

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5.0 CONTROL HEAD OPERATION

WARNING

BE VERY CAUTIOUS WHEN FIRST ENGAGING THE GEARS TO ESTABLISH THAT FORWARD IS TRULY FORWARD AND REVERSE IS TRULY REVERSE. A QUICK IN-AND-OUT OF GEAR TEST IS RECOMMENDED. ENSURE THAT THE BOAT IS CLEAR OF ALL OBSTACLES FORWARD AND AFT BEFORE CONDUCTING THIS TEST.

The control head is the primary user interface for conventional shift and throttle controls.

On single control station boats, when the ignition is turned on, the blue Take Command light will illuminate, indicating that the control head is active. If the control levers are not in neutral, both neutral indicator lamps will flash red.

On multi-control station boats, when the ignition is first turned on, the control head Smart Select feature will automatically activate the control head if the levers are moved out of the neutral position. Alternately, pushing the **Take Command** button with the control levers in the neutral position will activate the desired station.

When in joystick mode, the control head will become inactive and all lamps will go out. The control head can be re-activated at any time by pressing the Take Command button with the control levers in the neutral position.

When transferring between joystick and control head, the control head will remember any special features such as Sync mode, which may have been active prior to entering joystick mode.

The EST Quick Reference Guide provides a summary of the control head operation and should be kept on the vessel at all times.

5.1 Identification

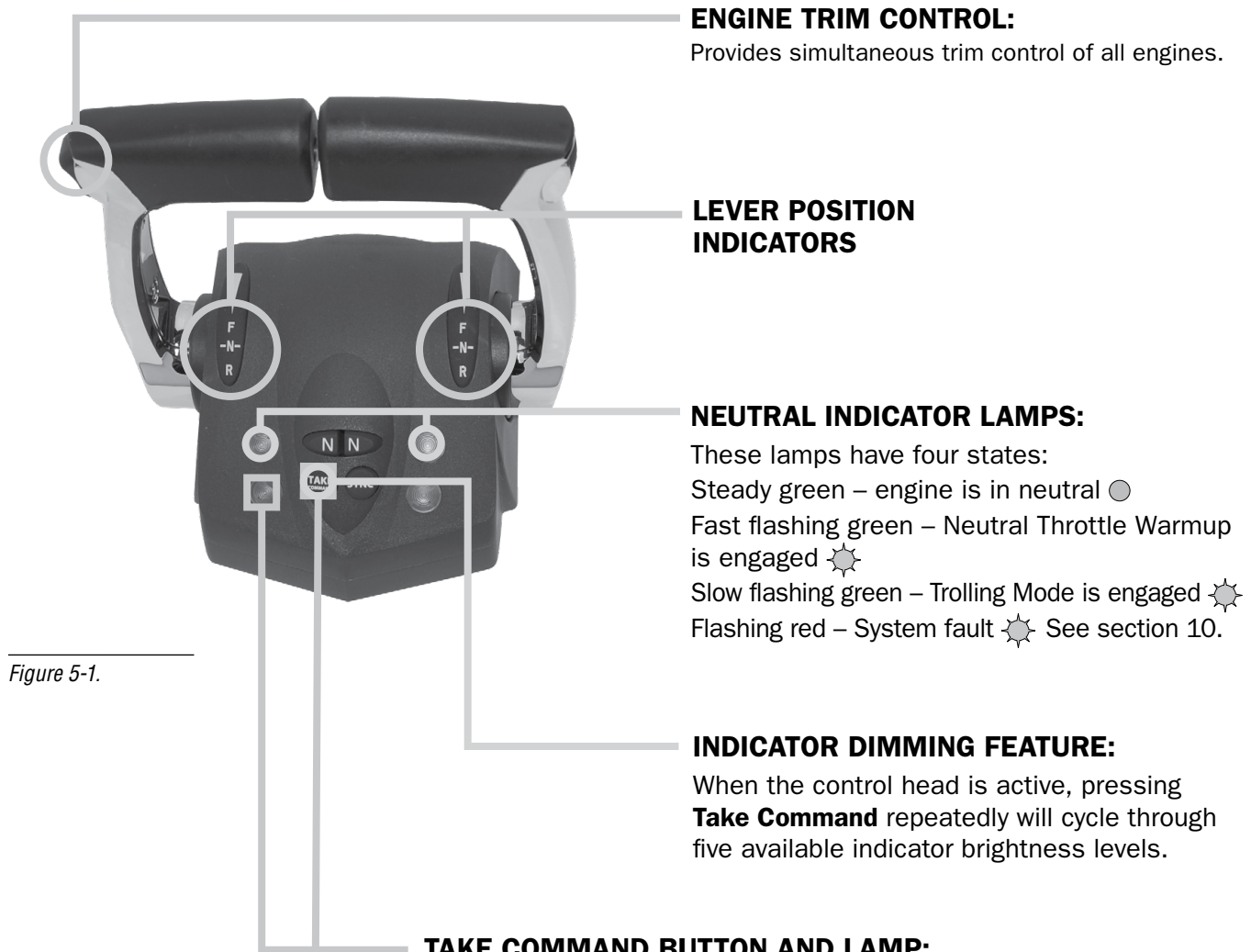


Figure 5-1.

Used to take command of shift and throttle with a control head.

To take command with a control head:

- Put control levers in neutral and press **Take Command**. (If you are transferring control from a joystick, it must also be in the neutral position.)
- The adjacent lamp signals the transfer status as follows:
 - Steady blue – station is active and in control of shift and throttle. ●
 - Flashing blue – station transfer from one station to another is underway. You have five seconds to match the control lever positions with those of the active station to complete the transfer. ⚡
 - Lamp off – station is inactive

Note: If the lamp does not come on when you press **Take Command**, Station Protection may be enabled. See Appendix B.

5.1 Identification (continued)



Figure 5-2.

NEUTRAL THROTTLE WARMUP (NTW):

NTW allows you to control engine throttle without gear engagement, so that you can warm up your engines at a higher RPM. A fast flashing green neutral indicator lamp tells you that NTW is engaged for the corresponding engine. ⚡

To engage Neutral Throttle Warmup:

- Move the engine's control lever to the Neutral position. The neutral indicator lamp will light steady green. ●
- Press the corresponding **N** button. The neutral indicator lamp will rapidly flash green to indicate that NTW is engaged. ⚡
- You can now increase throttle and the engine will stay in neutral.

To disengage Neutral Throttle Warmup:

- Return the engine's lever to the Neutral position.
- Press the corresponding **N** button. The lamp will light steady green. The engine and transmission will now respond normally to lever commands. ●

TROLLING MODE (TM):

- Provides greater throttle sensitivity: moving an engine's control lever to full forward will only produce a percentage of wide open throttle. The default TM throttle limit is 50% in forward gear, 100% in reverse gear.
- Slow flashing (one second on, two seconds off) green neutral indicator lamps indicate that trolling mode is engaged. ⚡

TO ENGAGE Trolling Mode:

- Move one or both control levers to the forward idle or reverse idle positions. The other lever must be in the same position or in neutral.
- Press either **N** button. Both lamps will flash green slowly to indicate that TM is engaged. ⚡

TO DISENGAGE Trolling Mode:

- Move both control levers to forward idle or reverse idle position.
- Press either **N** button. The flashing green lamps will go out to indicate that TM is disengaged. ○

5.1 Identification (continued)

POWER TRAIN SYNC (PTS) BUTTON AND LAMP:

PTS synchronizes engines and transmissions so that the port lever controls shift and throttle of all engines.

The lamp adjacent to the **Sync** button indicates PTS status. A steady blue lamp means PTS is engaged. ●

To engage Power Train Sync:

- Press **Sync**. The blue lamp will flash. ☼
- Match control lever positions within 5% of each other. The lamp will go steady blue to indicate that power trains are in sync. ●

To disengage Power Train Sync:

- Press **Sync**. The blue lamp will flash. ☼
- Match control lever positions within 5% of each other. The blue lamp will go off – PTS is now disengaged. ○



ADJUSTABLE LEVER FEEL

Turn screw in to tighten the lever feel, and turn screw out to loosen the lever feel.

STARBOARD

PORT

SHIFT
DETENT

THROTTLE
FRICTION

Figure 5-3.

⚠ WARNING

IF A DANGER OR WARNING IS CAUSED BY THE CONTROL SYSTEM, THE CONTROL HEAD NEUTRAL LIGHTS WILL FLASH RED. SEE SECTION 10.

6.0 JOYSTICK OPERATION

The joystick is the primary user interface for the Joystick Control System. It offers the ultimate control of the vessel for docking and maneuvering at slow speeds and is especially useful in confined or difficult circumstances. It is quite intuitive to use as the boat follows the actions of the handle. This section of the manual gives a detailed description of all of its capabilities and how to get the maximum benefit from this powerful feature. The Joystick 360 Quick Reference Guide, provided with the system, gives summary and reminder information on its operation and should be kept on the vessel at all times.

The joystick is spring loaded so it always returns to its center position. When the joystick is active and in the center position, the engines are in neutral and the throttles are at idle.

The joystick Take Command button will make the joystick active and shut off the control head when it is pushed. The shift and throttle controls must be in neutral to engage the joystick. When the joystick is active, the Take Command light will be solid blue and the control head lights will turn off.

While the joystick is active the turning resistance of the steering wheel will increase to remind the user that it is disengaged.

The Boost button increases the engine RPM when pressed. It may be activated any time the joystick is active.

Note: The A and C buttons are reserved for future use and not active at this time.

NOTICE

While the joystick is active the turning resistance of the steering wheel will increase to remind the user that it is disengaged.

6.1 Joystick Fundamentals



Figure 6-1.

Handle Motion

The handle can be moved in any direction or rotated left or right. When released the joystick will always snap back to center and put the engine in neutral idle.

Moving the handle away from center or rotating it will cause the engines to shift into the correct gear for the desired motion. Further handle motion in the same direction will apply throttle and provide more thrust in the chosen direction. The joystick is proportional and guided in each axis.

Boost Button

Increases the power the engines can apply and may be turned on or off at any time. It can be very handy when handling the boat in wind or current. The system will remember the boost mode status so if it is left on, it will be on again next time the joystick is activated.

A blue LED on the Boost button will illuminate when in boost mode.

Take Command Button

Activates the joystick and allows the joystick to take control of the vessel. The joystick can only take control of the boat when the control head levers are both in the neutral idle position.

The LED on the Take Command button is used to indicate joystick status:

LED State	Joystick Status
Off	joystick has no power
Steady white	joystick is powered but inactive
Steady blue	joystick has control of the vessel
Slow flashing blue	joystick is initializing rudder and EST system
Alternating red and blue flashing	joystick has control of the vessel, but there is an active non-critical warning fault*
Fast flashing red	joystick has a critical fault* and is awaiting transfer of control to a control head
Steady red	joystick has a critical fault* and is not available for operation

* See section 10 for fault handling information.

A and C Buttons

Reserved for future use. Not active at this time.

6.1 Joystick Fundamentals (continued)

Operation Fundamentals

The levers on the active control head must be in the neutral position before a joystick may take command of the system.

1. The joystick has three primary operational modes (see illustrations next page):

- a) **Forward/Reverse** – engaged by pushing the joystick directly fore/aft.

Causes the boat to move directly fore and aft. In this mode, the boat can be steered by rotating the handle. Always engage the Forward/Reverse Mode by moving the handle directly fore/aft **then** rotating the handle to steer. Rotating the handle first **then** pushing fore/aft would enter Rotation Mode and apply a forward correction in rotation mode.

- b) **Sideways** – engaged by pushing the joystick directly to port or starboard.

Causes the boat to move directly sideways. In this mode, the handle can then be moved fore/aft or rotated to correct the vessel's heading or position.

- c) **Rotation** – engaged by twisting the joystick while it is at center position.

Causes the boat to rotate on the spot. A fore/aft handle movement **after** engaging rotation mode will cause the boat to rotate but with a forward or reverse bias. Always engage Rotation Mode first then apply the desired correction. Pushing the handle fore/aft **then** twisting would cause the system to enter Forward/Reverse mode with a steering correction.

2. When released, the joystick always returns to the center position, which provides neutral-idle for engines.
3. The joystick is proportional and guided in each axis - the more the joystick is moved, the more throttle is applied.

See the following pages for examples of each of the primary operational modes.

CAUTION

In the event of an engine stall, ONLY the Forward/Reverse mode is available. Restart stalled engine or switch to conventional controls.

Joystick Stall Mode

If an engine stalls while under joystick control the system will allow only forward and reverse motion. To compensate for the reduced power the system will boost the RPM to the running engine.

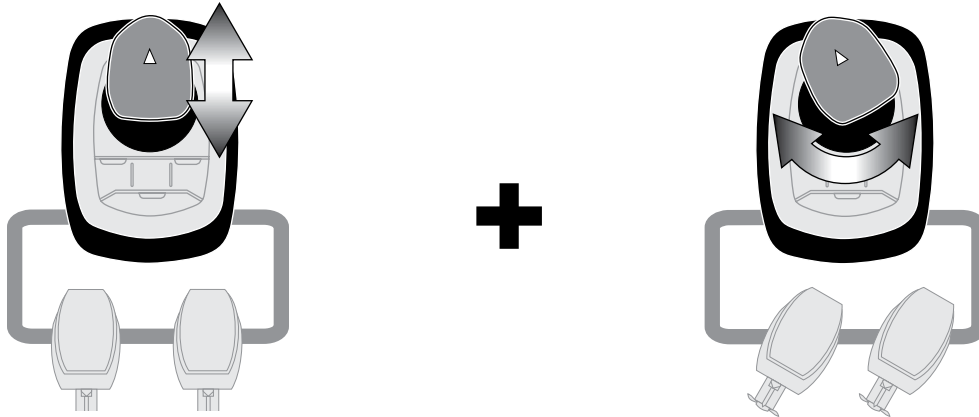
6.1 Joystick Fundamentals (continued)

PRIMARY MOTION – FORWARD/REVERSE

CORRECTION – ROTATE TO STEER

Figure 6-2.

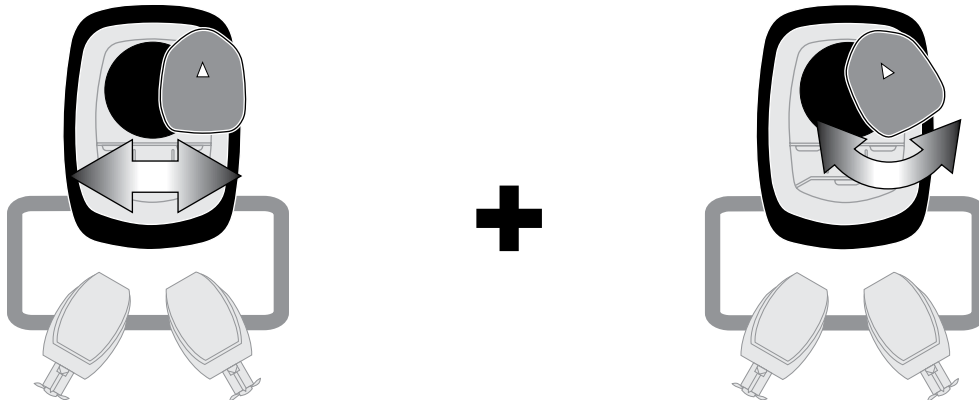
a)



PRIMARY MOTION – SIDEWAYS

CORRECTION – ROTATE TO BIAS HEADING

Figure 6-3.



b)

PRIMARY MOTION – SIDEWAYS

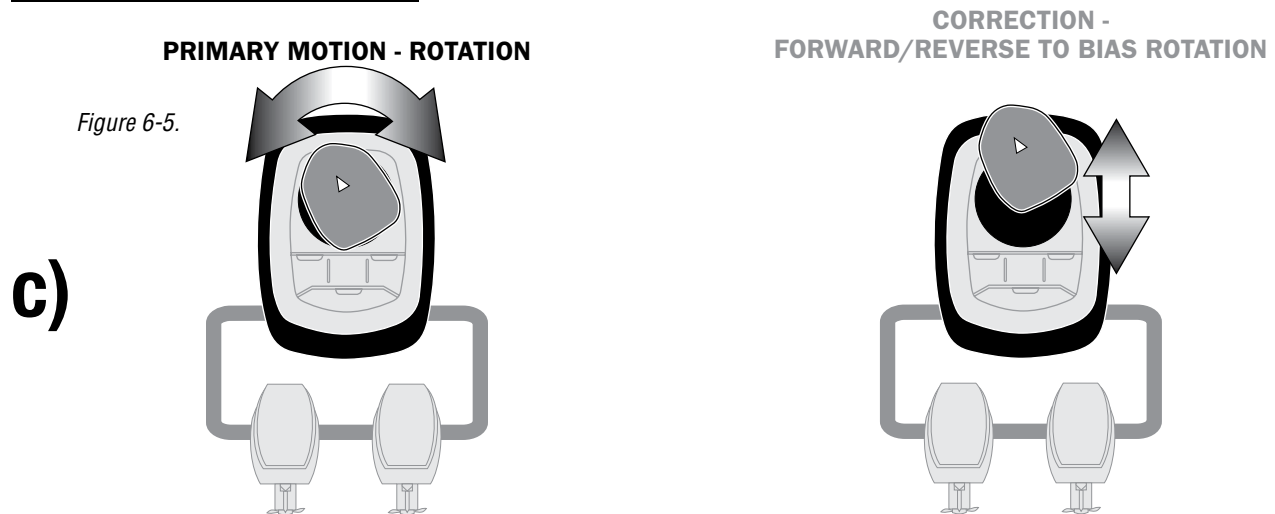
OR

CORRECTION – FORWARD/REVERSE TO DIAGONAL

Figure 6-4.



6.1 Joystick Fundamentals (continued)



6.2 Joystick Tips

1. Plan out your joystick maneuvers before you approach your target:
 - a. Keep it simple - Minimize diagonal and other complex maneuvers. This allows for better boat correction and control.
 - b. Know your boat's limitations - Be aware of wind and current, and understand the boat's movement delay due to its momentum. Some conditions may prove too strong for your engine thrust.
2. Make it clear to the system what you want to do. Do not make slight movements off of the neutral position. For example: If you want the boat to move to port, move the joystick well along the port axis.
3. Moving the handle port/starboard will move the boat sideways, but will not steer the boat (change heading). Twisting (rotating) the handle steers and rotates the boat (see illustrations previous page).
4. It is recommended to return to the center position when switching between primary operational modes.
5. Practice joystick maneuvers in open water before attempting close quarters docking. This will help you understand the primary operational modes and how they control your boat.
6. There is a momentary shift delay built into the system when returning from any gear activity to neutral. This allows bumping the handle to get a little more motion in the same direction without causing excessive engine shifting. This delay is removed if the action passes the home area in the opposite direction so you can stop the boat immediately if needed.
7. The control head must be active at the helm station with the joystick that will be used and the control handles must be in neutral and idle at that station.

6.3 Joystick Operation Examples

Example 1

Make the primary action move first and then adjust the boat motion with a secondary joystick motion. Example: the boat is parallel to the dock and you wish to move the boat against the dock. This is like parallel parking a car.

1. Move the boat forward or backward with direct forward or backward joystick motions until the boat is stopped and centered in the location on the dock you wish to approach.
2. Return the joystick to the center position.

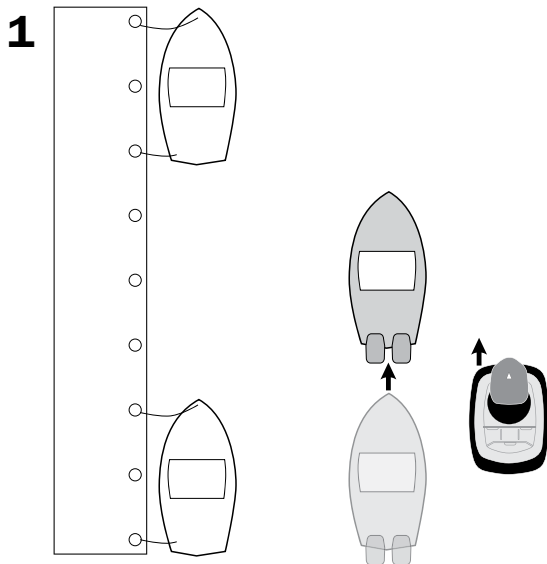


Figure 6-6.

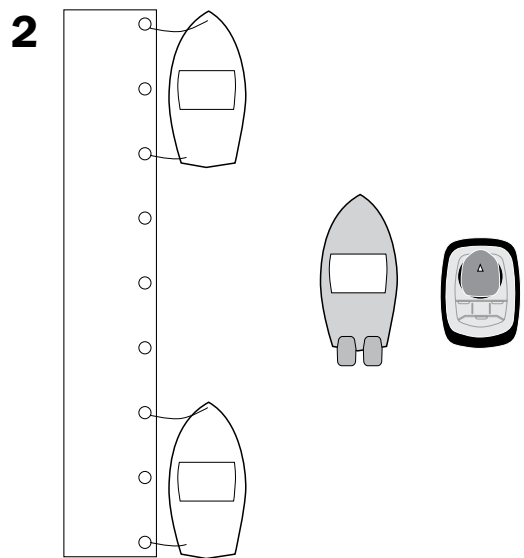


Figure 6-7.

3. Move the joystick directly port to approach the dock.
 - 3a. If the boat does not stay parallel due to wind or current while holding the joystick to the side just rotate the joystick to keep the boat parallel to the dock during the approach.
 - 3b. If the boat does not stay centered due to wind or current while holding the joystick to the side, just push or pull the joystick fore/aft to correct.
4. Once close to the dock, return the joystick to the center position.

6.3 Joystick Operation Examples (continued)

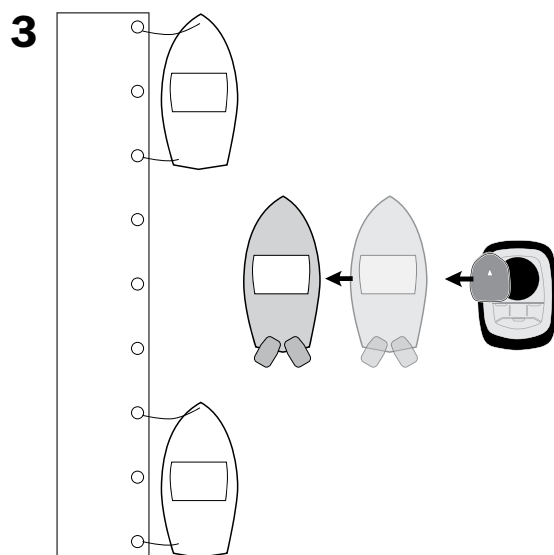


Figure 6-8.

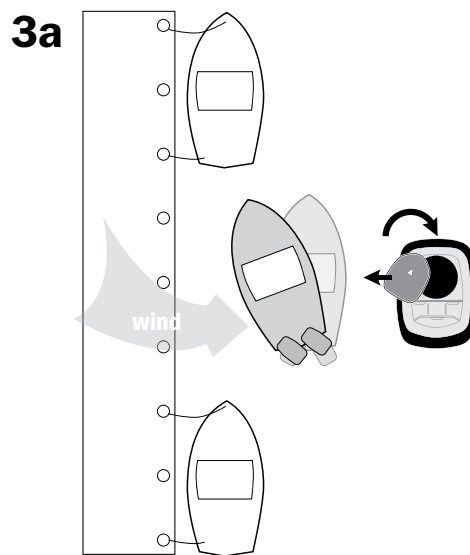


Figure 6-9.

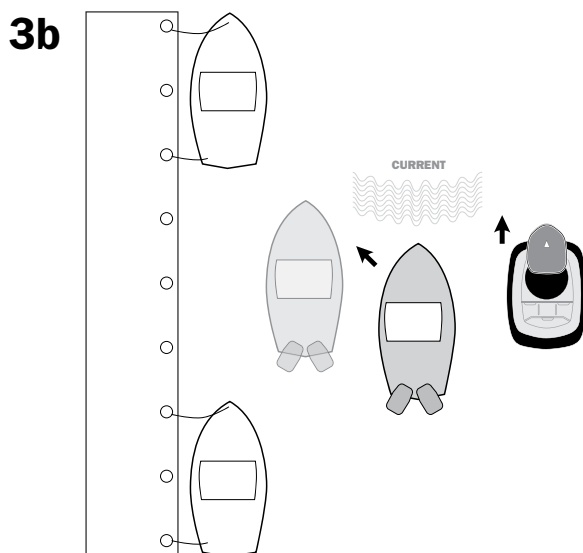


Figure 6-10.

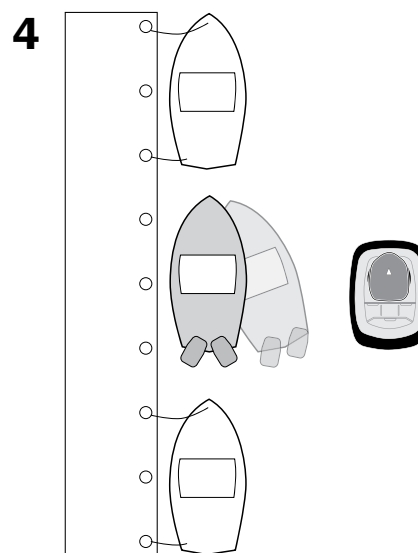


Figure 6-11.

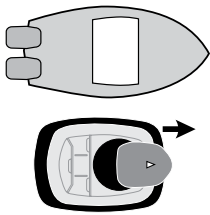
6.3 Joystick Operation Examples (continued)

Second Example

1. Move the boat forward by pushing the joystick forward.
2. With the joystick forward and the boat moving forward rotate the joystick as needed to correct for wind or current. Return the joystick to the home position as you near the slip.
3. As the boat approaches the slip pull the joystick backwards to stop the boat in front of the slip. Return the joystick to the home position when the boat stops.

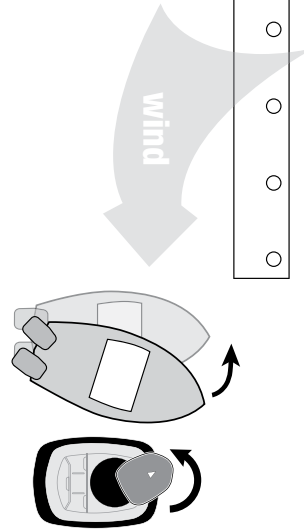
1

Figure 6-12.



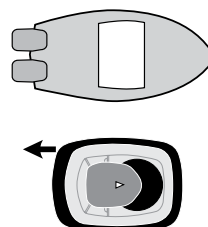
2

Figure 6-13.



3

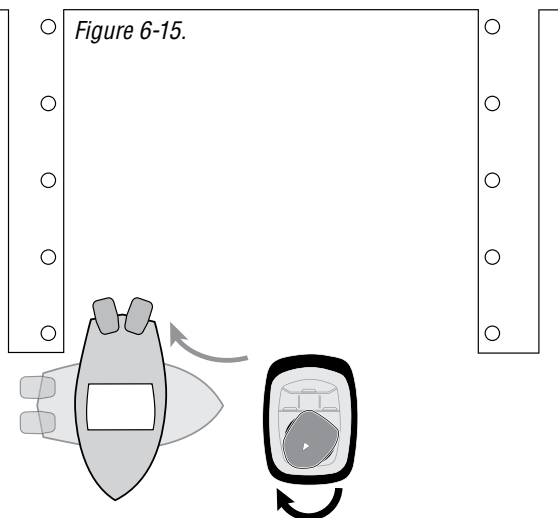
Figure 6-14.



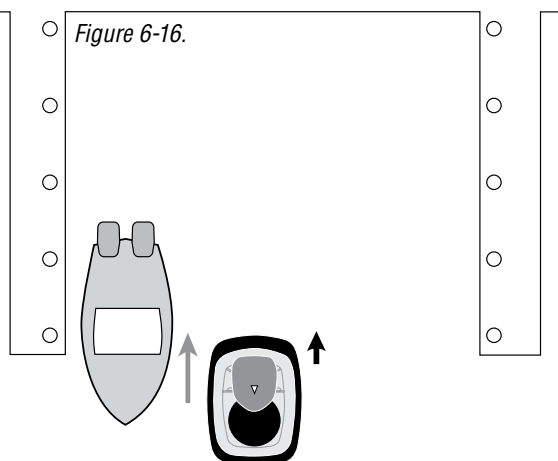
6.3 Joystick Operation Examples (continued)

4. Rotate the joystick to turn the boat and align it with the slip. Use a straight port or starboard move of the joystick if necessary to realign the boat.
5. Pull the joystick back to move the boat into the slip.
6. A short bump forward on the joystick will stop the boat in position.

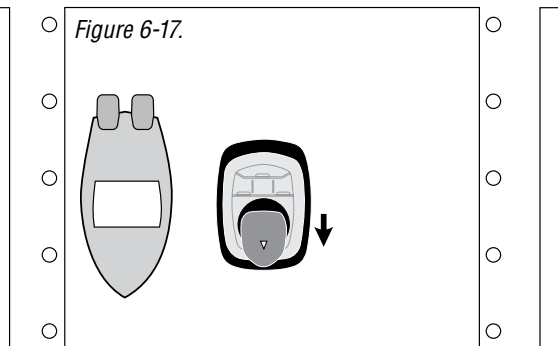
4



5



6



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7.0 CANtrak DISPLAY

7.1 Purpose

The Optimus 360 CANtrak display has an easy to navigate menu system, adjustable backlighting for night use and includes a cover to protect it from the sun when not in use.



Figure 7-1. CANtrak display, All Helms Active screen.

The CANtrak display serves these purposes:

- 1.** Displays the current system operating conditions.
- 2.** Handles system faults:
 - a) Displays system warnings in case of a system fault.
 - b) Sounds an audible alarm in case of a system fault.
 - c) Instructs the operator what to do in case of a system fault.
- 3.** Permits changes to the basic system settings.
- 4.** Provides system and diagnostic information

For details on CANtrak operation see Sections 7.2 through 7.4 of this manual.

7.2 CANtrak Display Navigation

The five buttons at the bottom of the unit are used to select various actions. The five boxes at the bottom of the display screen indicate the legend for each button. These legends vary based on what is on the screen.

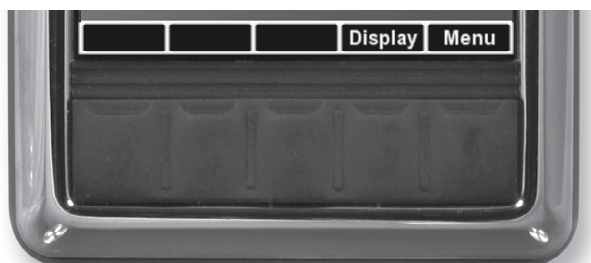


Figure 7-2. Navigation buttons and legend.

WORD OR SYMBOL	IDENTIFIES A FUNCTION OR SETTING
▲	Moves the cursor up the screen to the next item.
▼	Moves the cursor down the screen to the next item.
➤	Enters the sub-menu at the cursor location.
—	Reduces the setting of the selected item.
+	Increases the setting of the selected item.
OK	Accepts a given statement or condition and advances to the next screen.
↶	Returns to previous menu.
Save	Saves change and returns to previous menu.

7.3 CANTrak Display Map – All Helms Active (Normal Steering Mode)

The following diagram shows the progression from the Splash Screen to the All Helms Active Screen, then illustrates the various choices available from the All Helms Active screen.

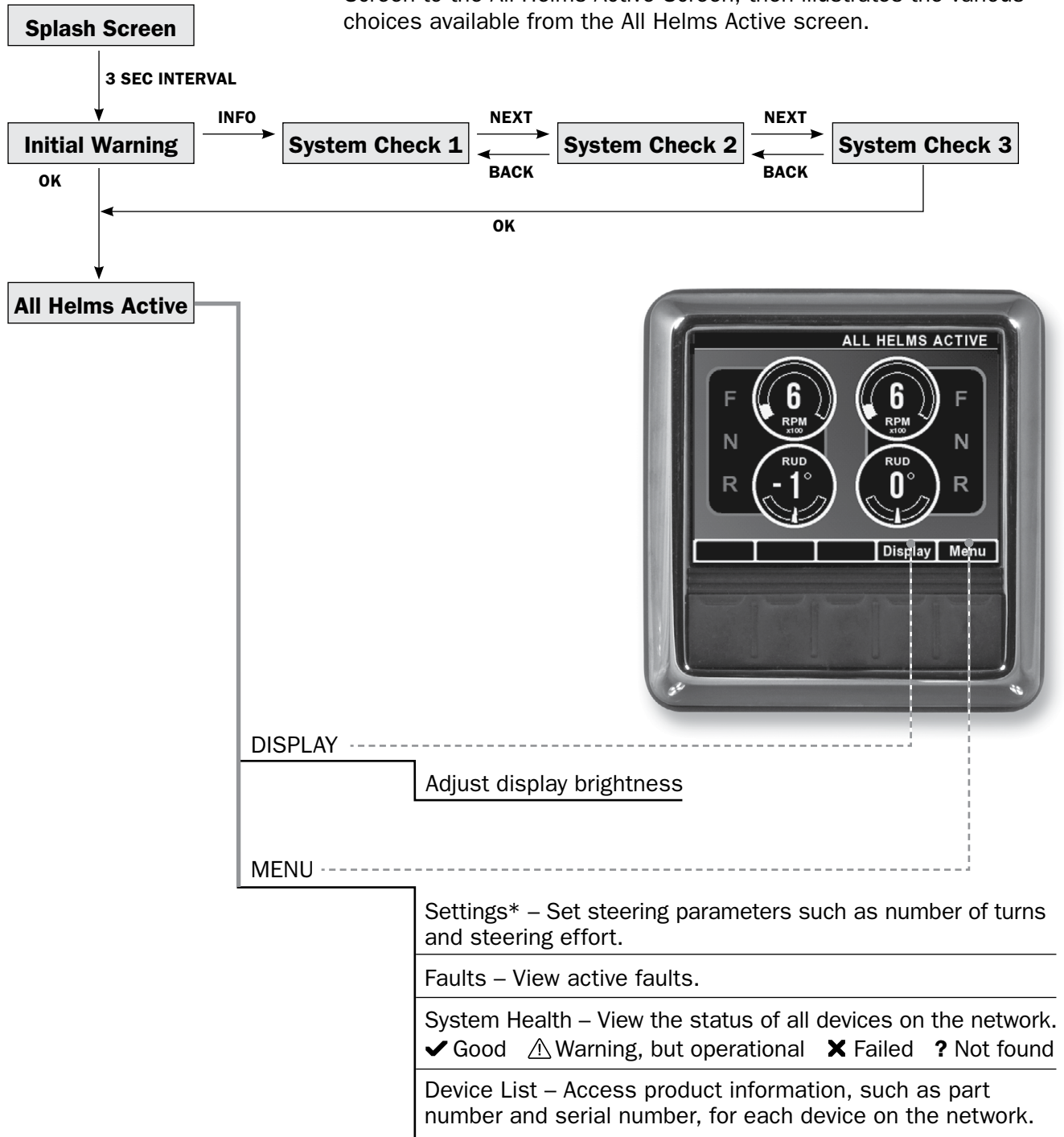


Figure 7-3. CANtrak display map.

7.4 Display Screens

7.4.1 All Helms Active (Normal Steering Mode)

The All Helms Active mode screen (may also be referred to as the Run screen) will be displayed under normal operating conditions after the startup warning has been acknowledged.

The All Helms Active screen displays the current system operating conditions. It shows the engine RPM, gear position, and rudder angle. It also allows access to the Diagnostics, Adjustment and Display menu screens.



Figure 7-4. All Helms Active screen.

7.4.2 Adjust (ADJ) Screen*

The Adjust screen allows adjustment of system parameters which affect steering operation and feel. Specific details of each parameter are listed below.

Changes made in the Adjust screen are saved to memory upon exiting the Adjust screen. You will be prompted to save changes before exiting as shown in the display.

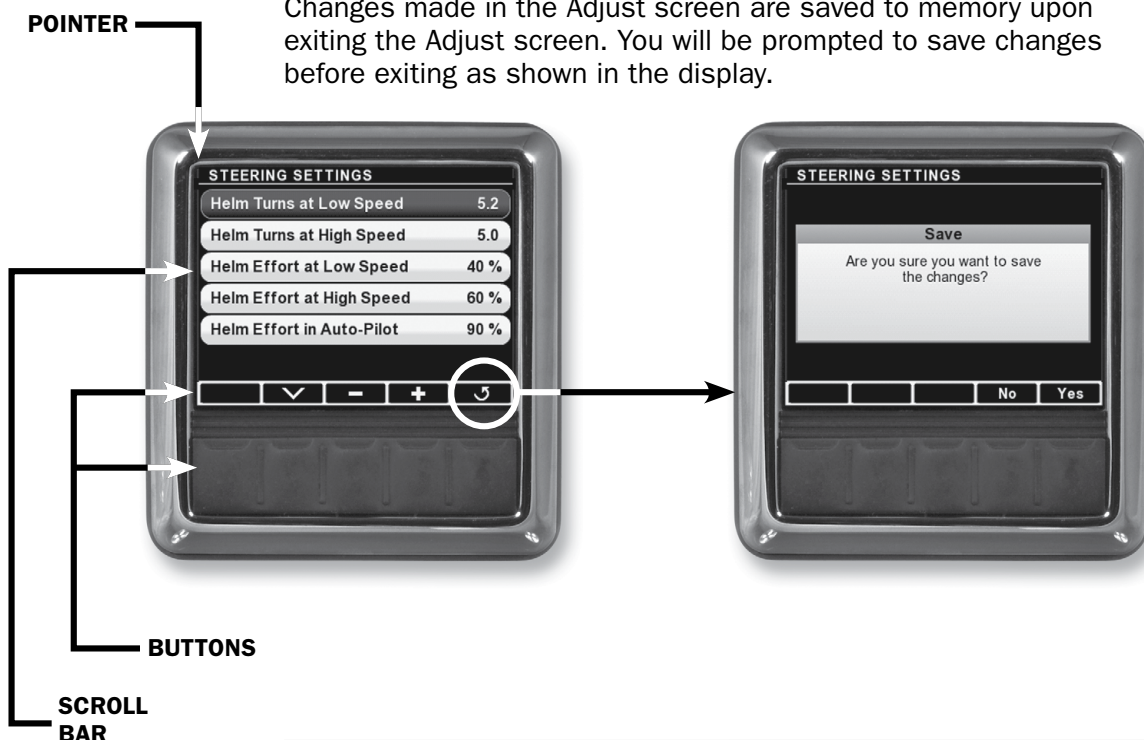


Figure 7-5. Adjust (ADJ) screen.

Helm Turns at Low Speed

Sets the number of turns (hard-over to hard-over) when the vessel is running at low speeds. The range is 3.5 to 8 Turns.

Helm Turns at High Speed

Sets the number of turns (hard-over to hard-over) when the vessel is running at high speeds. The range is 3.5 to 8 Turns.

Helm Effort at Low Speed

Sets the steering resistance when the vessel is running at low speeds. It is adjustable between 1 and 100.

Helm Effort at High Speed

Sets the steering resistance when the vessel is running at high speeds. It is adjustable between 1 and 100.

Helm Effort in Auto-Pilot

Sets the steering resistance when autopilot is engaged. To prevent accidental course corrections with the wheel this should be set slightly higher than the high speed effort. It is adjustable between 1 and 100.

* May not be available on all installations. Contact your dealer/builder.

7.4.2 Adjust (ADJ) Screen (continued)

⚠ CAUTION

Adjusting steering effort for steering turns can significantly impact boat handling. Proceed with caution after making any changes.

The steering resistance and turns have both low speed and high speed settings. The low speed and high speed set points may be determined by various sources, for example: Engine RPM, Throttle Position, etc. These are configured by your dealer and are not adjustable.

The number of turns and steering resistance at these low and high speeds are user adjustable*. These settings will automatically increase smoothly between the low speed and high speed points as shown below.

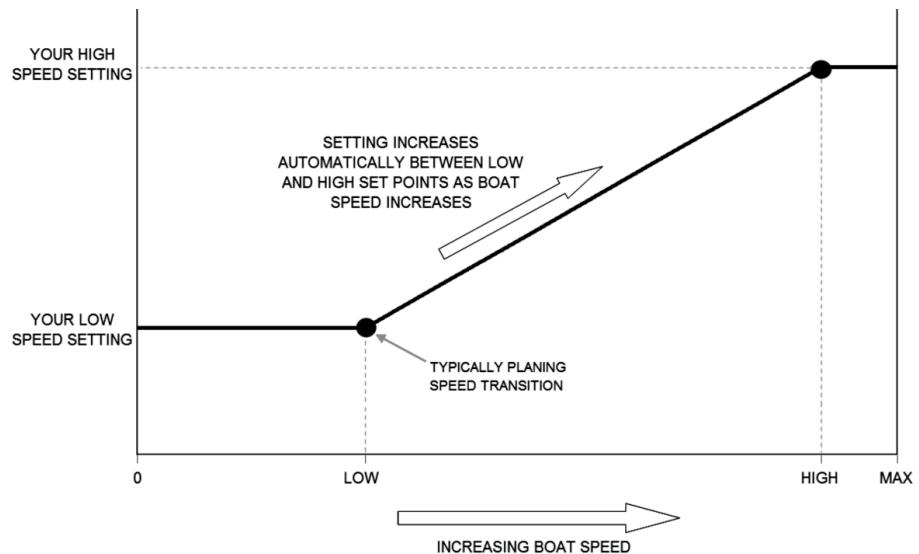


Figure 7-6. Change of helm settings with speed.

* Some installations may not have this feature accessible. Contact dealer/builder.

7.4.3 Display (DISP) Screen

The Display screen allows adjustment of the brightness.



Figure 7-7. Display adjustment screen.

8.0 FIRST TIME USE

8.1 Control Head Adjustments

Before starting the engines for the first time, take a moment to familiarize yourself with the shift and throttle controls. With the engines not running and the control system turned off, move the control levers over the full range until you are familiar with the feel. Note that the detent pressure and drag can be adjusted using the adjusting screw on the front surface of the control head. The top screw sets the detent pressure; the lower screw sets the drag.

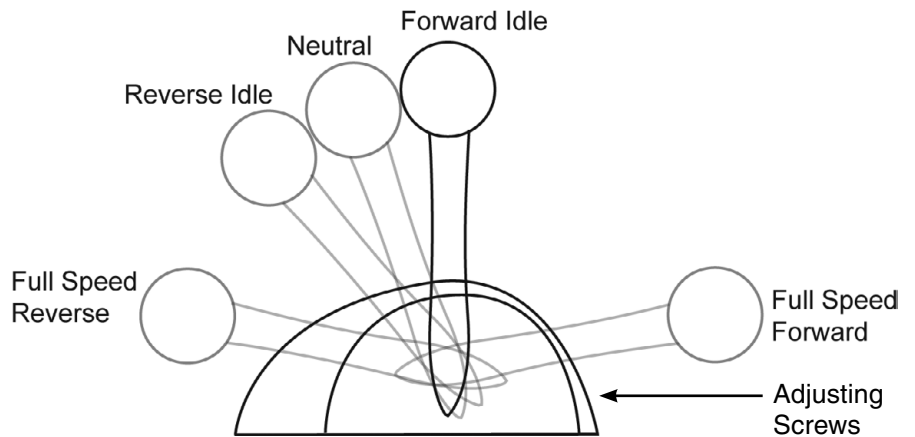


Figure 8-1. Control Head lever positions.

NOTICE

The detent pressure and drag can be adjusted using the adjusting screws on the front surface of the control head.

8.2 Initial Start Up

Turning on the ignition switch will turn on the Optimus 360 system. The CANtrak Display will turn on and steering will become active at *all* helms.

After reading the initial warning screen press the INFO button and follow the prompts for a system inspection.



Figure 8-2. CANtrak initial warning screen.

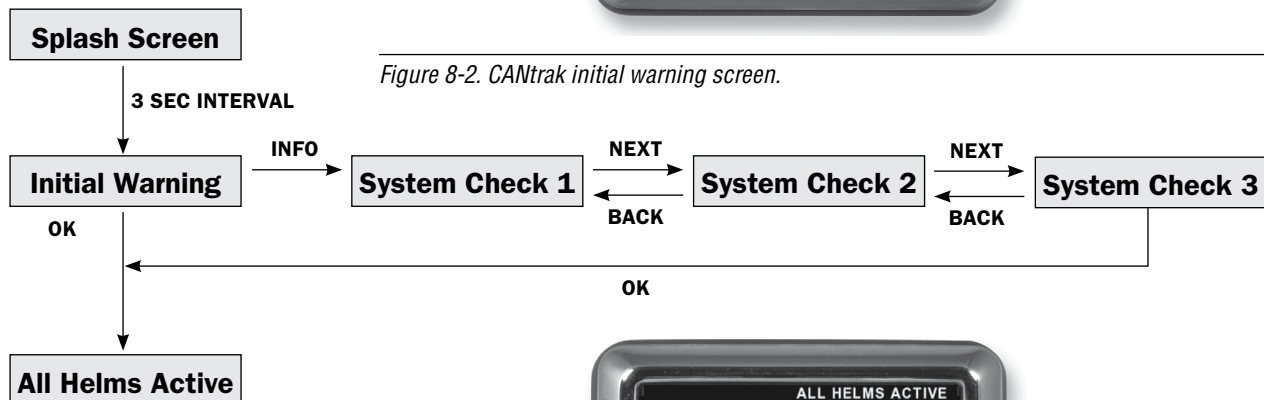


Figure 8-3. All Helms Active screen (normal steering mode).

WARNING

ON MULTIPLE HELM STATION BOATS ALL STEERING HELMS ARE ACTIVE WHEN THE OPTIMUS 360 IS TURNED ON. THIS IS THE SAME AS YOU WOULD FIND ON A CONVENTIONAL HYDRAULIC STEERING SYSTEM.

8.2 Initial Start Up (continued)

With the system powered up, activate the desired control head or joystick by using the Smart Select functionality on the control head or by pressing the Take Command button on the desired device. On single station vessels, the control head will automatically become active.

If a control head is selected, the control head Take Command light should illuminate solid blue and both green neutral indicator lamps should illuminate solid green. This indicates that the control head is now in control of shift and throttle and that the engines are in the neutral idle position.

If a joystick is selected, the joystick Take Command light should illuminate solid blue. The joystick now has control of the system and is ready for use.

Refer to Sections 4.0, 5.0 and 6.0 for detailed steering, control head and joystick operation.

8.3 System Inspection

WARNING

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN LOSS OF BOAT CONTROL, LEADING TO POSSIBLE EJECTION FROM VESSEL; CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR DEATH.

1. Check steering fluid level in all steering pumps.

Each Optimus 360 hydraulic pump has a steering fluid reservoir. Ensure the fluid level is between the MIN and MAX marks on the reservoir as shown in the figure below. Use only SeaStar EPS steering fluid (HA5482) in the Optimus 360 System.

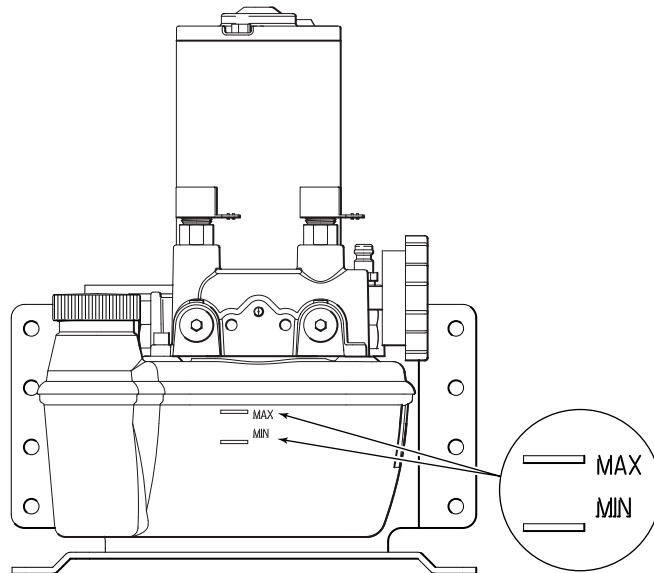


Figure 8-4. Location of fluid level marks.

2. Verify immediate steering response when turning steering wheel(s).

Turn the steering wheel slowly to port and to starboard and make sure the engines follow the commands. Watch that the hoses harnesses, and cables move freely without any snags or hang-ups.

3. Inspect all steering hoses, fittings and mechanical and electrical harness for wear, kinks, or leaks.

Check all steering hoses and fittings between the pump, service valves and cylinders for any signs of leakage, kinking, wear or chafing. Check all electrical harnesses and mechanical cabling for abrasion, wear, rubbing or chafing. Check that all connections are tight and free of corrosion.

8.3 System Inspection (continued)

4. Check for binding, loose, worn or leaking steering or shift/throttle control components.

Check all shift and throttle cables and harnesses for signs of wear, damage or chafing. Check that all linkages and cables move freely and are not binding or corroded.

5. Verify proper shift and throttle response for all control levers.

Check that all shift and throttle levers operate freely and cause the engines to shift accordingly. Put the engines in neutral idle mode and confirm that the throttle responds correctly and returns to idle.

6. Verify that no faults or warnings are shown on the CANtrak display or the Shift and Throttle Control Head.

If warnings are found on the CANtrak display, follow the instructions on the CANtrak screen or refer to Section 10 before proceeding.

Read the System Inspection steps on the CANtrak display and acknowledge them by pressing the button labeled OK.



WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE THE BOAT IF ANY COMPONENT IS NOT IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION.

After becoming familiar with the system inspection process, the operator can use the OK button to acknowledge that the system inspection process was understood and completed and can then go directly to the steering mode screen.



WARNING

IT IS RECOMMENDED THE FULL SYSTEM INSPECTION BE REVIEWED ON A REGULAR BASIS TO RETAIN FAMILIARITY.

8.4 Installation Checks

To verify correct installation of the Optimus SmartCylinder, perform the following installation checks when the boat is delivered and after each boat servicing. You will need someone to assist you.

WARNING

FAILURE TO PERFORM THESE CHECKS MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE SMARTCYLINDER SENSOR AND AFFECT THE SAFE OPERATION OF THE BOAT'S STEERING.

1. Interference Checks – Confirm that there is no interference between the steering cylinder(s), splashwell, outboard engine, or any combination of these parts, by performing the steps below. For each step also check that the hoses and cables are moving freely with no rubbing or binding (see figure 8-5 and figure 8-6). Be sure to steer slowly while performing these checks.

- With the engines fully tilted DOWN, turn the steering wheel from hard over to hard over and confirm that no interference occurs.
- With the engines fully tilted UP, turn the steering wheel from hard over to hard over and confirm that no interference occurs.
- Trim the port engine fully DOWN and the starboard engine fully UP. Turn the steering wheel from hard over to hard over and confirm that no interference occurs.
- Trim the starboard engine fully DOWN and the port engine fully UP. Turn the steering wheel from hard over to hard over and confirm that no interference occurs.

WARNING

IF ANY ISSUES ARE FOUND DURING THE INSTALLATION CHECKS, IMMEDIATELY RETURN THE BOAT TO THE SERVICE DEALER FOR THOSE ISSUES TO BE REMEDIED.

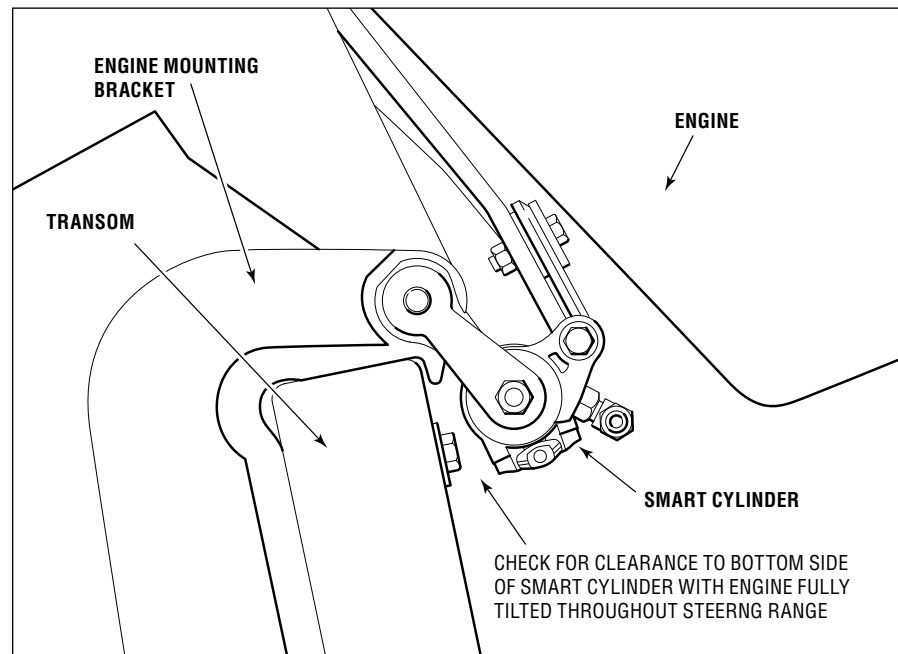


Figure 8-5. Engine side view when tilted.

2. Sensor cable – Confirm that the SmartCylinder Sensor Cable is tied securely to the hoses with gradual bends as shown figure 8-6.

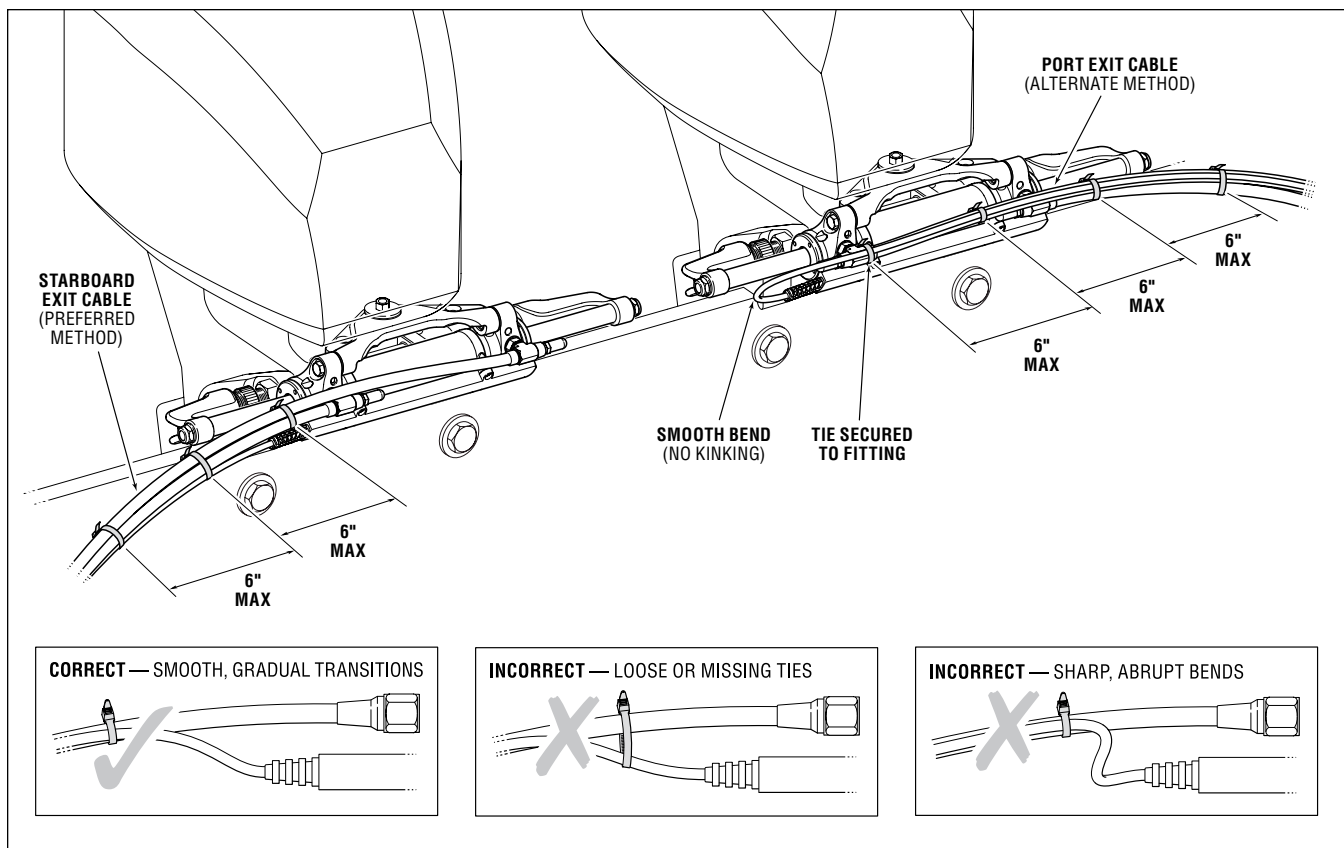


Figure 8-6. Sensor cable and hose routing checks.

8.5 Initial Sea Trial

⚠ CAUTION

Keep magnets away from the helm. They may interfere with proper helm operation.

With the engine lanyard properly connected to you, and any passengers securely seated, carefully proceed to a section of deep, open water at a slow to moderate speed. Use the trip to get a feel for the steering and control response. When in open water that is deep enough to assure you will not run aground, try various maneuvers with the boat at various speeds until you are comfortable operating the boat.

Be sure to spend some time becoming comfortable with each of the following:

Steering – Check at various speeds and different rate turns.

Shift and throttle – Become comfortable with the lever operating force and the various features like Power Train Sync and Neutral Throttle Warm up.

Joystick – Try all the various modes and using both primary and secondary actions.

If adjustments to the system are required see Section 7.4.2 for steering adjustments or contact your dealer.

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9.0 SYSTEM USE

If this is the first-time use, or for more details, see Section 8 of this manual. For detailed system operation see Sections 4 through 7.

9.1 Before Each Use

WARNING

PRIOR TO EVERY USE:

PERFORM A SYSTEM INSPECTION AS OUTLINED BELOW, SEE SECTION 8.3 FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

1. Remove steering lock clips (see Appendix C) if they have been installed for trailering or storage.
2. Check steering fluid level in all steering pumps.
3. Verify immediate steering response when turning steering wheel(s).
4. Inspect all steering hoses, fittings, mechanical cables and electrical harnesses for wear, kinks, or leaks.
5. Check for binding, loose, worn or leaking steering or shift/throttle control components.
6. Verify proper shift and throttle response for all control levers.
7. Verify that no faults or warnings are shown on the CANtrak display.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE BOAT IF ANY COMPONENT IS NOT IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION.

9.2 Multiple Station Boats

CAUTION

On multiple helm station boats, all helms are active when the Optimus 360 is turned on.

The conventional steering portion of the Optimus 360 system is designed to operate much like a conventional hydraulic steering system. The boat can be steered from any helm without requiring additional steps to transfer control. Joystick and shift/throttle control do require an active effort to transfer control to a station.

Like a conventional hydraulic system, steering input from each helm is added cumulatively, which means it is possible that steering inputs from a second helm can cancel out or exaggerate the operator's inputs. It is important that all passengers, and especially children, are instructed not to touch the helms unless specifically requested to take control.

9.3 Autopilot Operation

WARNING

ALWAYS READ AND UNDERSTAND THE AUTOPILOT OPERATION INSTRUCTION COMPLETELY BEFORE ENGAGING THE AUTOPILOT MODE.

The Optimus 360 steering system is designed to interface with many autopilot controllers. See your Autopilot's documentation for specific model compatibility.

On boats with an autopilot the steering effort may be noticeably higher when the autopilot is engaged. This resistance is user adjustable, see Section 7.4.2 of this manual.

When any wheel is turned with the autopilot engaged, the helm will take control of the system and manually override the autopilot. When this happens, the steering resistance will return to normal until the autopilot re-engages. See your autopilot user's manuals for specific system behavior.

The shift and throttle control head should be active when the autopilot is operational. Do not select the joystick when the autopilot is active.

WARNING

NEVER LEAVE THE HELM STATION UNATTENDED WHEN THE AUTOPILOT IS ENGAGED.

The Title Bar will display "Autopilot Mode" when the autopilot is engaged.



Figure 9-1. Autopilot Mode screen.

10.0 SYSTEM FAULTS & HAZARDS

Should a fault occur, it will be communicated to the user through the CANtrak display. Section 10.1 defines the three types of hazards you may experience with the system and how the system will handle each.

NOTICE

When a serious fault occurs, consider your options. While the system has many features to allow the boat to return to port in a slow and safe manner, local conditions or operator skills may dictate that calling for assistance is the prudent thing to do.

10.1 Hazard Definitions

10.1.1 Danger

A danger fault is a critical system fault which will result in limited or no steering and/or shift and throttle performance and requires immediate action.

Depending on the nature of the fault a variety of conditions might occur all designed to provide the safest situation for returning to port. Some examples are:

- Steering may be restricted to one engine.
- The engines may need to be positioned manually and the boat steered using the shift and throttle.
- The shift and throttle may require manual override with normal steering.
- The joystick may become inactive.

The system will provide the safest alternative to normal operation.

In the event of a danger fault, the CANtrak buzzer will sound continuously (until muted) and the CANtrak display will advise the operator on how to proceed. See Section 10.2.1 for danger fault handling specifics.

If the danger fault lies in the EST system, both indicator lights on the control head will flash red quickly (5 times per second).

If the danger fault lies in the Joystick system, the joystick Take Command button light will flash red quickly (5 times per second).

10.1.2 Warning

A warning is a non-critical system fault which may cause the steering and/or boat speed to be reduced.

Although a warning fault may not always adversely affect steering or shift and throttle performance, it is an indication of a problem in the system and should be remedied.

In the event of a warning fault, the CANtrak buzzer will sound intermittently (until muted) and the CANtrak will display the Warning screen. See Section 10.2.3 for warning fault handling specifics.

If the warning fault lies in the EST system, both indicator lights on the control head will flash red slowly (once per second).

If the warning fault lies in the Joystick system, the joystick Take Command button light will alternate flashing red and blue.

10.1.3 Caution

A caution is a non-critical fault that has no impact on operation of the vessel, but is indicative a potential problem in the Optimus EPS/360 system. Immediate action is not required, but you should have your dealer inspect the system at the next available opportunity.

In the event of a caution fault, the yellow warning triangle will appear on the CANtrak display (see figure 10-6). The buzzer will not sound, but the warning triangle will remain until the problem is corrected. You can view the fault description by selecting Faults from the display menu.

10.2 System Fault Handling

In case of a Danger or Warning message, the CANtrak display will advise the operator how to proceed. The following sections describe what to expect in case of either fault.

Caution faults have no special handling instructions. Take the boat to your dealer for inspection at the earliest opportunity.

10.2.1 Danger Fault Handling

A danger fault is a critical system fault which will result in limited or no steering and requires immediate action.

During a danger fault, the CANtrak display will display DANGER across the top, sound a continuous buzzer (until muted) and display fault information and handling in three zones. See figure 10-1.

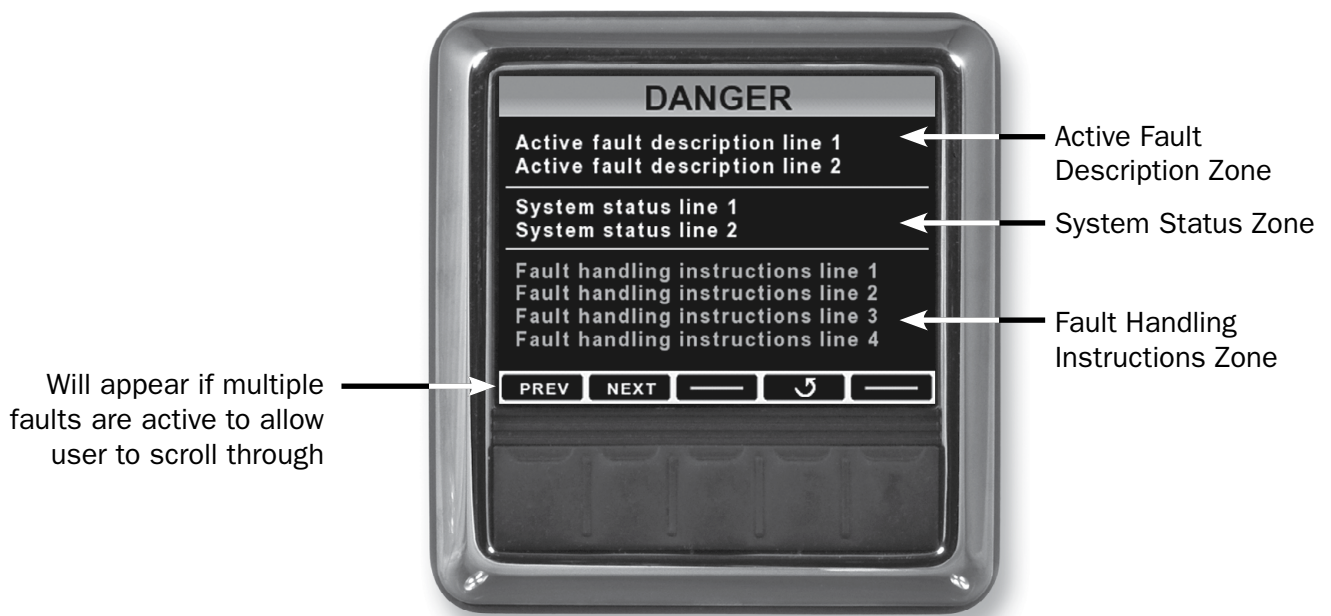


Figure 10-1. Danger fault screen layout.

Active Fault Description Zone

Provides details specific to the system fault. These will include a brief description of the fault and are primarily for troubleshooting purposes.

System Status Zone

Displays information about the status of the system and if the system has automatically reacted to the fault.

Fault Handling Instructions Zone

Provides detailed instructions on how to proceed. In the case of a danger fault, this will instruct the operator what to do and how to proceed should Limp Home mode be required.

10.2.2 Limp Home

When a Danger fault results in steering and/or shift and throttle performance being restricted or suspended, the CANtrak may provide instructions on how to enter Limp Home mode.

Limp Home will provide instructions for the user to manually move the engine(s), and/or control the shift and throttle, and allow the user to “limp home” at a reduced performance. If you aren’t familiar with the service valve location and operation, see section 3.9 for information.

There are three Limp Home modes depending on the nature of the fault.

WARNING

LIMP HOME MODE IS AN OVERRIDE SYSTEM. IT MAY SEVERELY LIMIT YOUR BOAT CONTROL. IT SHOULD ONLY BE USED IN AN EMERGENCY IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CALL FOR ASSISTANCE. PROCEED WITH EXTREME CAUTION. ALWAYS WEAR PFDS AND LANYARD. REFER TO THE NOTICE IN SECTION 10.0.

Limp Home Mode 1

This mode occurs when the system can no longer provide steering to ANY of the engines. The CANtrak will instruct the operator to manually center the engines using the service valves, then proceed home immediately using the shift and throttle controls to steer the vessel.



Figure 10-2. Limp home instructions, all steering disabled.

10.2.2 Limp Home (continued)

Limp Home Mode 2

This mode occurs when one of the steering cylinders is not functional. This means that one engine (or two in a triple or quad system) cannot be steered. The CANtrak will instruct the operator to realign the non-responsive engine(s), tilt it out of the water and proceed home immediately using the responsive engine(s).



Figure 10-3. Limp home instructions, no steering on one engine.

10.2.2 Limp Home (continued)

Engaging the Actuator(s)

In the unlikely event of a Danger warning on the shift and throttle system that cannot be cleared the boat can be operated by using the manual control overrides of the actuators. Proceed with caution as follows:

1. Release the actuator engagement lever (A) by moving it to the other end of its travel (red lever on side).
2. Rotate the control lever (B) to move the control cable to the engine.

NOTICE

If the lever cannot be rotated it is likely the fault is in the engine not the control system.

A. ENGAGEMENT LEVER

B. CONTROL LEVER

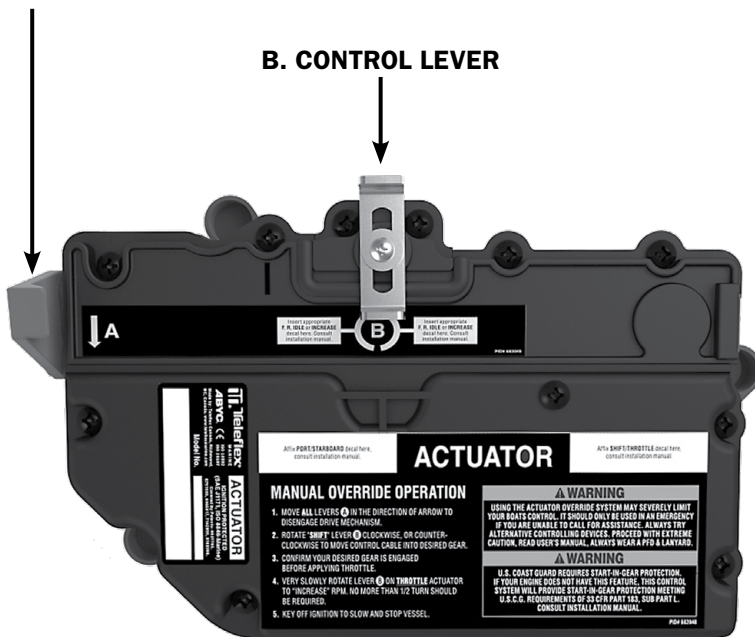


Figure 10-4. Actuator manual override.

10.2.3 Warning Fault Handling

A warning fault is a non-critical system fault which may cause the steering and/or boat speed to be reduced.

During a warning fault, the CANtrak will display the same information as with a danger fault but WARNING will appear across the top of the screen and the buzzer will sound intermittently (until muted). See the figure below.

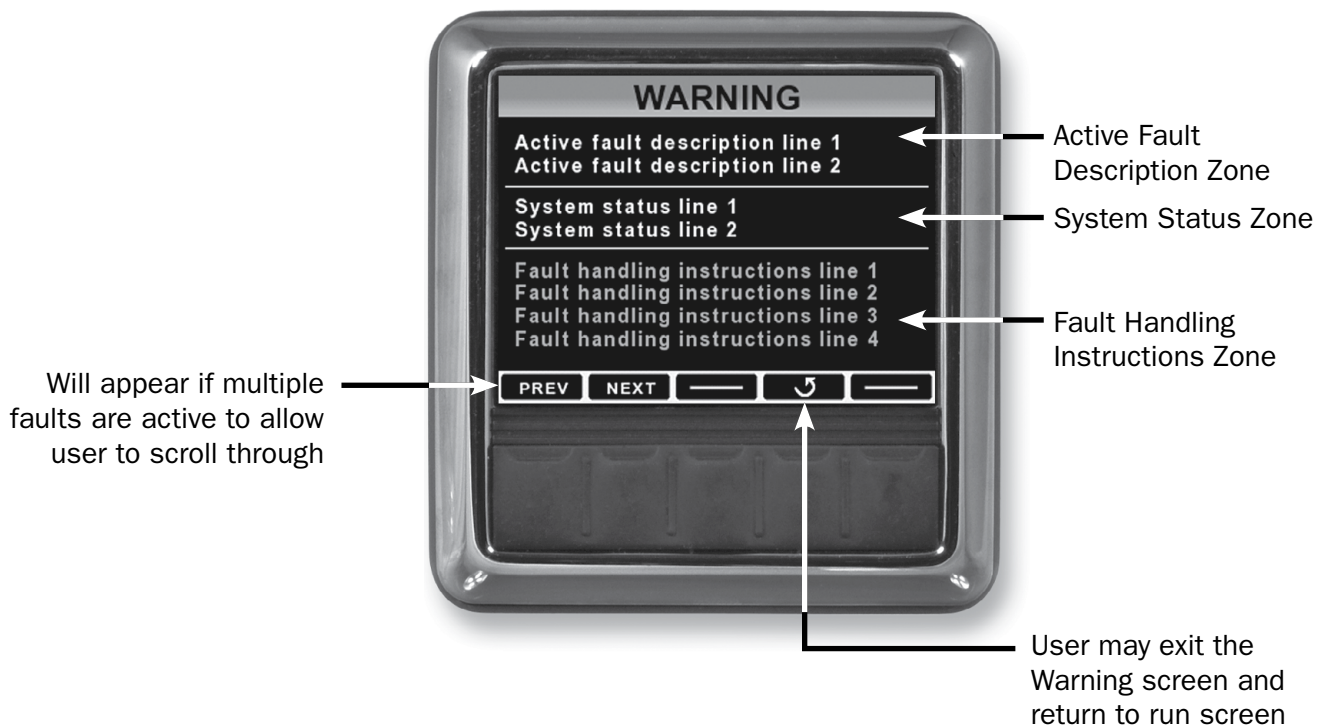


Figure 10-5. Warning fault screen layout.

The user may choose to exit the Warning screen and return to the All Helms Active screen by pressing the exit button, in which case the system will flash a warning icon on the run screen as shown in figure 10-6. This icon will remain in place until the fault is repaired. If the system recovers from the fault (e.g. if a battery runs low and is subsequently charged) the warning screen will disappear and the system will automatically resume normal operation.

In rare cases there may be multiple Warning faults at the same time. You can view a list of all active warning faults from the Faults menu on the display.

10.2.3 Warning Fault Handling (continued)

Although the system may still operate normally under many warning faults, the vessel should still be returned to port and serviced immediately.



Figure 10-6. Run screen with system warning.

Some system warning faults may result in a reduced steering response and/or reduced throttle position (system will continue to steer normally but may respond slower or limit boat speed).

10.2.4 System Fault Handling – Example

The following is an example of how the system would respond to the warning fault hazard of a low port engine battery.

The CANtrak display will enter the warning screen mode and pulse the system warning buzzer. The three warning screen zones will appear as shown below.



Figure 10-7. Sample warning fault.

The system status zone informs the user that the second station joystick is not working. The fault handling instruction zone tells the user to use another control device and seek technical support.

The vessel should be returned to port immediately for repair.

10.2.5 CANtrak Loss of Display

If CANtrak display operation is lost proceed as follows:

1. On a multiple helm station vessel each station may be equipped with a CANtrak display. If so equipped, navigate from another helm station and immediately return to port for service.
2. If there are no secondary displays on board, carefully verify (at low speed) that the steering system and shift and throttle operates normally then immediately and cautiously proceed to port for service.

10.2.5 CANtrak Loss of Display (continued)

3. In the event of a loss of steering or shift and throttle response and CANtrak display, and you are unable to obtain assistance and are in an emergency situation, engage Limp Home Modes 1, 2 or 3:

WARNING

LIMP HOME MODE IS AN OVERRIDE SYSTEM. IT MAY SEVERELY LIMIT YOUR BOAT CONTROL. IT SHOULD ONLY BE USED IN AN EMERGENCY IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CALL FOR ASSISTANCE. PROCEED WITH EXTREME CAUTION. ALWAYS WEAR PFDS AND LANYARD. REFER TO THE NOTICE IN SECTION 10.0.

Limp Home Mode 1

If the steering system can no longer provide steering to **ANY** of the engines, proceed by using Limp Home Mode 1, as follows:

1. Always wear PFD devices.
2. Put all engines in Neutral.
3. Open Steering Service Valves.
4. Manually center all engines.
5. Close Steering Service Valves
6. Return to port using throttles to steer.

Limp Home Mode 2

If one of two steering cylinders is disabled, proceed by using Limp Home Mode 2, as follows:

1. Always wear PFD devices.
2. Put all engines in Neutral.
3. Open Steering Service Valve of affected cylinder.
4. Turn affected engine(s) fully away from other(s).
5. Close Steering Service Valve.
6. Fully tilt affected engine(s) and switch off.
7. Return to port with remaining engine(s).

In the event of loss of shift and throttle response to both engines, proceed by using Limp Home Mode 3, as follows:

Limp Home Mode 3

1. Locate and identify shift and throttle actuators. Read labels.
2. Set all lever A(s) into manual override position.
3. Slowly turn (shift) lever B to engage gear. Then slowly turn (throttle) lever B to raise RPM.
4. Key off ignition to slow & stop.

10.3 Buzzer

The buzzer is used to indicate a system fault. There are two different signals:

1. Continuously on. This indicates a danger fault. A danger fault is a critical system fault which will result in limited or no steering and/or shift and throttle performance and requires immediate action. See Section 10.1.1.
2. Alternating on and off. This indicates a warning fault. A warning fault is a non-critical system fault which may cause the steering and/or boat speed to be reduced. See Section 10.1.2.

All signals require immediate attention.

When the buzzer sounds a screen will appear on the CANtrak indicating the cause for the alarm. The screen will also display a “mute” button which may be used to silence the alarm.

10.4 Reduced Performance

Under certain fault conditions the steering response and/or boat speed will slow down. A typical cause might be a very low battery. When this happens the CANtrak will advise the operator of the condition, indicate the reason, and supply instructions.

WARNING

PROCEED WITH CAUTION UNTIL THE FAULT IS CORRECTED AND NORMAL OPERATION RETURNS.

10.5 Steering Fluid Loss

In an emergency condition, and if SeaStar EPS steering fluid is not available, the following fluids may be used for a short period of time:

- SeaStar steering fluid
- Automatic transmission fluid
- Motor oil

If any of the above are used then the system should be flushed and refilled with SeaStar EPS steering fluid when the boat is returned to port.

In the event of an extreme emergency, any non-toxic, non-flammable fluid may provide temporary steering.

WARNING

NEVER USE BRAKE FLUID IN THE STEERING SYSTEM.

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11.0 MAINTENANCE

WARNING

FOLLOWING THE ROUTINE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULES OUTLINED BELOW WILL ENSURE YEARS OF SERVICE FROM YOUR OPTIMUS 360 JOYSTICK CONTROL SYSTEM, AS WELL AS KEEP YOU AND YOUR PASSENGERS SAFE FROM THE DANGERS THAT ARE PRESENT ON AND OFF THE WATER.

1. Owner(s) (End Users)

Prior to every use (see Section 8.3 for further details):

1. Check steering fluid level in all steering pumps.
2. Verify immediate steering response when turning steering wheel(s).
3. Inspect all steering hoses, fittings and mechanical and electrical cables for wear, kinks, or leaks.
4. Check for binding, loose, worn or leaking steering or shift/throttle control components.
5. Verify proper shift and throttle response at all control levers.
6. Verify that no faults or warnings are shown on the CANtrak display or on the Shift and Throttle Control Head.

WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE BOAT IF ANY COMPONENT IS NOT IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION.

After every use:

1. Rinse the SmartCylinders with clean, fresh water and replace the CANtrak sun cover.

DO NOT rinse the PCM, pumps, or the actuators.

2. Qualified Marine Mechanic

After the first 20 hours, then every 100 hours or 6 months thereafter (whichever comes first).

1. All points noted above.
2. Check tightness of ALL fasteners/fittings throughout the vessel control system. Tighten to correct torque specifications as required.
3. Check for mechanical play or slop throughout vessel control system, correct as required.
4. Check for signs of corrosion. If corrosion is present contact your dealer or Teleflex Marine.
5. Check all electrical harnesses and mechanical cables for chafing and wear.

11.0 Maintenance (continued)

After the first 200 hours or 12 months thereafter (whichever comes first).

1. All points noted above.
2. Remove support rod from engine steering/tilt tube. Clean engine steering/tilt tube and re-grease using a good quality marine grease.
3. Grease support rod liberally.
4. Grease all contact points shown in the figure below. DO NOT remove the tiller bolt to re-grease.
5. Remove the steering wheel(s) and re-grease the wheel shaft(s) using a good quality marine grease.
6. Inspect hydraulic oil for cleanliness; flush if required.
7. Check that the service valve is free to move and in the closed position.

WARNING

ANY WORK BEING PERFORMED WITH THE STEERING SYSTEM MUST BE COMPLETED BY A QUALIFIED MECHANIC WITH THE WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF THE SYSTEM.

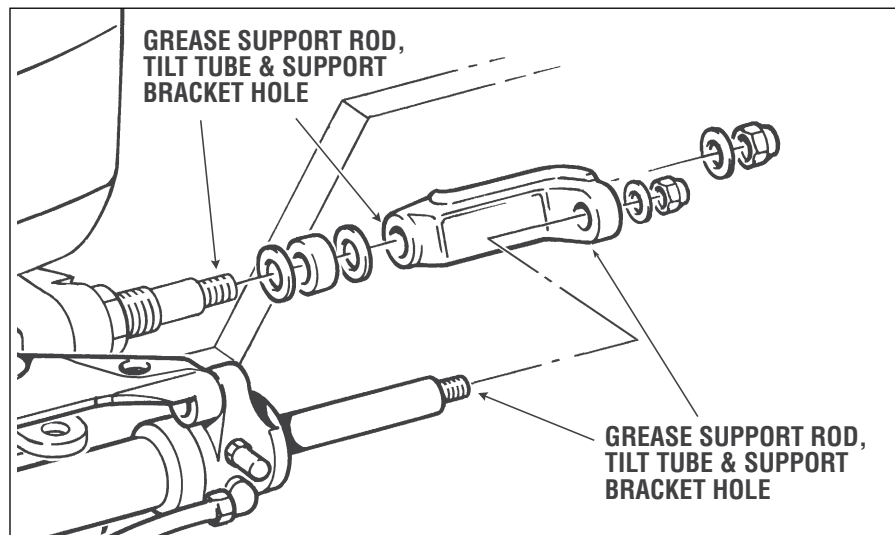


Figure 11-1. Grease points on cylinder mounts.

12.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

WARNING

Whenever, in the following text, a solution calls for removal from vessel and/or dismantling of system components, such work must ONLY be carried out by a qualified marine hydraulic mechanic. SEASTAR SOLUTIONS offers the following as a guide only and is not responsible for any consequences resulting from incorrect dismantling repairs.

Optimus 360 will provide years of safe reliable performance with a minimum of service if properly installed.

Optimus 360 steering systems have been designed with protection against over-pressure situations, with the inclusion of a pressure relief valve and circuit breakers, to minimize the possibility of total loss of steering.

Most faults occur when the installation instructions are not followed and usually show up immediately upon filling the system. Listed below, are the most common faults encountered and their likely cause and solution.

FAULT	CAUSE	SOLUTION
1. CANtrak does not turn ON?	Batteries not turned ON, or in poor working condition.	Load test batteries.
	Ignition wires disconnected.	Confirm all connections are in place.
	CANtrak connection damaged and/or not connected.	Inspect wires for damage.
2. High/Low Speed wheel turn setting not working	Tachometer is not relaying information.	Confirm Tachometer is operating properly (check connections).
	CANtrak NOT writing proper information.	Confirm that your settings have been saved. If they are not saved, contact Tech support.
3. One engine does not steer, but CANtrak display is on.	Check circuit breaker for the engine.	Reset breaker. If it immediately trips a second time look for a shorted or pinched wire or failed component.
4. Will not shift	Gear case jammed.	Try manual control of actuator.
		If no motion, disconnect shift cable at engine.
		Check engine.

13.0 REPLACEMENT PARTS

13.1 SeaStar Electronic Power Steering Fluid

The Optimus Steering System is designed for use with genuine SeaStar Electronic Power Steering Fluid.

Quart HA5482

For a comprehensive listing of part numbers, please refer to:

- Book 50, Optimus EPS Installation Manual, part no. 682100
- Book 60, Optimus 360 Installation Manual, part no. 682102

14.0 WARRANTY

14.1 Statement of Limited Warranty

We warrant to the original retail purchaser that **Marine Canada Acquisition Inc. DBA SEASTAR SOLUTIONS** (herein forward referred to as **SeaStar Solutions**) products have been manufactured free from defects in materials and workmanship. This warranty is effective for two years from date of purchase, excepting that where **SeaStar Solutions** products are used commercially or in any rental or income producing activity, then this warranty is limited to one year from the date of purchase.

We will provide replacement product without charge, for any **SeaStar Solutions** product meeting this warranty, which is returned (freight prepaid) within the warranty period to the dealer from whom such product were purchased, or to us at the appropriate address. In such a case **SeaStar Solutions** products found to be defective and covered by this warranty, will be replaced at **SeaStar Solutions'** option, and returned to the customer.

The above quoted statement is an extract from the complete **SeaStar Solutions** products warranty statement. A complete warranty policy is available in our **SeaStar Solutions** products catalogue.

14.2 Return Goods Procedure

Prior to returning product to **SeaStar Solutions** under warranty, please obtain a *Return Goods Authorization number* (claim number).

Be sure to label the goods with:

- a) the name and address of the sender, and
- b) the return goods authorization number (claim number)

Please address the returned goods as follows:

From U.S.A.

RGA # ?
SeaStar Solutions
c/o UPS-SCS
19308 70th Ave S.
Kent, WA 98032

From Canada

RGA # ?
SeaStar Solutions
3831 No. 6 Road
Richmond, B.C.
Canada V6V 1P6

Technical Support

Phone: 604-248-3858
email: seastar@seastarsolutions.com
Hours: Monday to Friday 05:00 – 15:30 PST
Web: www.seastarsolutions.com

APPENDIX A

Specifications

Optimus 360 SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS
(Based on EPSK1210 Twin Engine Corepack)

Operating Voltage: 12Vdc

Maximum System Pressure: 1200 PSI

of wheel turns: Variable from 3.5 to 8

Typical Average Current Draw: ~6 to 8 Amps

Oil Type: SeaStar Electronic Power Steering Fluid

APPENDIX B

Station Select Protection

Station Select Protection prevents accidental switching between control stations on multi-stationed boats. If turned on, a change of control stations requires that control head buttons be pressed in a specific sequence.

Operation

If Station Select Protection is turned on, to select or change stations use the following button sequence:

- Go to the station you wish to make active
- Press the Take Command button
- Press the Take Command button again
- Press the Neutral or 'N' button
- Press the Take Command button
- The station will go active (blue light on solid) if the levers are matched with the originally active station.
- If the blue light flashes, match the levers with the originally active station and the blue light will go solid.

WARNING

UNTIL THE BLUE LIGHT IS ON SOLID, THE ORIGINAL ACTIVE STATION RETAINS CONTROL OF THE BOAT.

WARNING

ON MULTIPLE HELM STATION BOATS, ALL STEERING HELMS ARE ACTIVE WHEN THE OPTIMUS EPS IS TURNED ON. THIS IS THE SAME YOU WOULD FIND ON A CONVENTIONAL HYDRAULIC STEERING SYSTEM. STATION SELECT ONLY APPLIES TO THE CONTROL HEAD.

APPENDIX C

Trailing and Storage

When trailering or storing a boat equipped with an Optimus 360 system, install the steering lock clips to all steering cylinders as shown below. These clips keep the engines from drifting, preventing contact with other components which may result in scuffing or cowling damage. Simply center the engines and snap the clips over the cylinder shafts to install.

WARNING

ENSURE STEERING LOCK CLIPS ARE REMOVED BEFORE OPERATING BOAT. FAILURE TO REMOVE STEERING LOCK CLIPS WILL RESULT IN NO STEERING CONTROL.

Alternatively, or if the clips are not available, steer the engines all the way to one side after tilting them up. The weight of the engines will keep them from shifting.

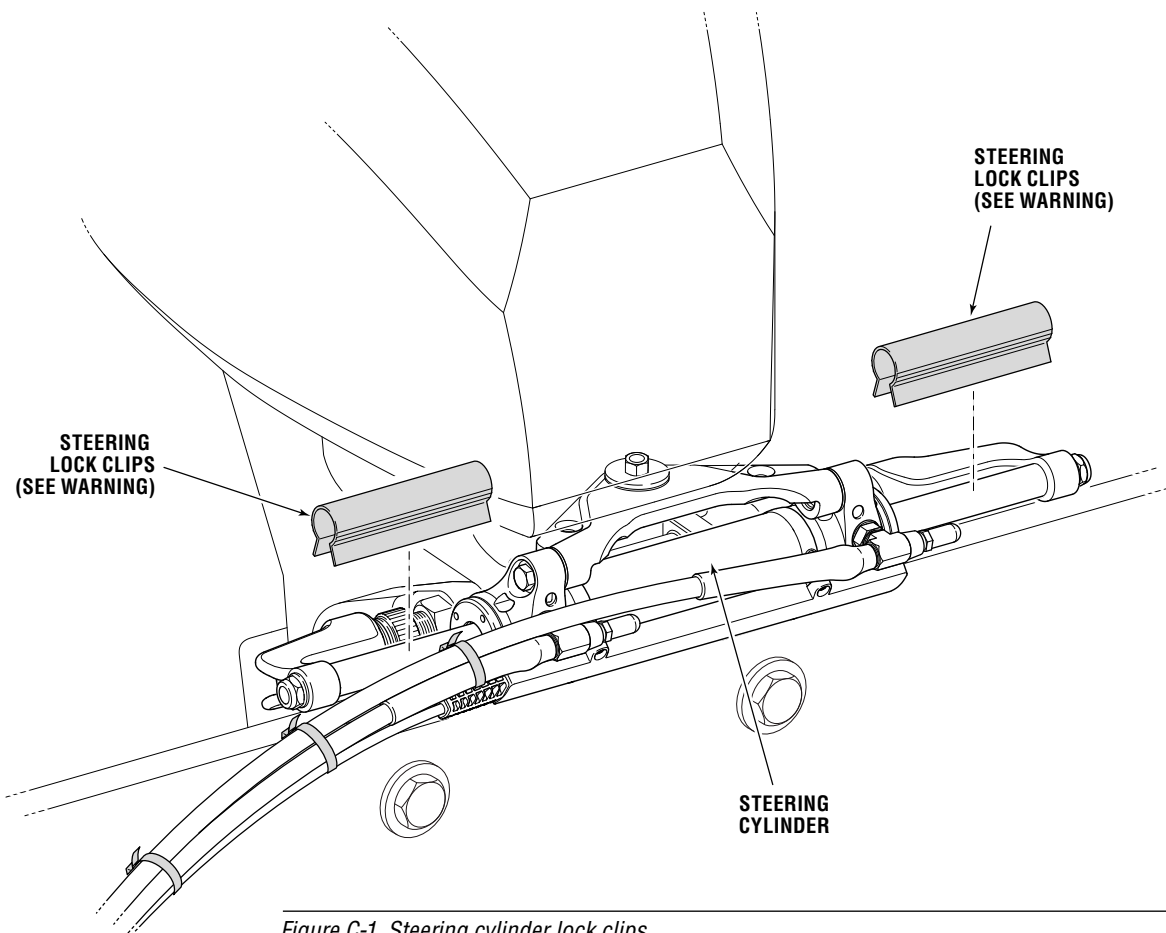


Figure C-1. Steering cylinder lock clips.

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